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## MEET WITH ME

Please attend any of the following community meetings scheduled during the month of May.

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Bridgeport  
Friday, May 3  
7:00 to 8:30 p.m.  
Housatonic Community  
College  
900 Lafayette Boulevard

Darien  
Saturday, May 11  
2:30 to 4:00 p.m.  
Darien Library  
35 Leroy Avenue

Fairfield  
Saturday, May 11  
12:00 to 1:30 p.m.  
Fairfield Public Library  
1080 Old Post Road

Greenwich  
Sunday, May 5  
3:00 to 4:30 p.m.  
Greenwich Town Hall  
101 Field Point Road

Monroe  
Saturday, May 4  
9:00 to 10:30 a.m.  
Monroe Town Hall  
7 Fan Hill Road

New Canaan  
Saturday, May 4  
11:30 am to 1:00 p.m.  
New Canaan Library  
151 Main Street

Norwalk  
Friday, May 10  
7:00 to 8:30 p.m.  
Norwalk City Hall  
125 East Avenue

Stamford  
Sunday, May 5  
12:30 to 2:00 p.m.  
Ferguson Library  
1 Public Library Plaza

Trumbull  
Saturday, May 11  
9:30 to 11:00 a.m.  
Trumbull Library  
33 Quality Street

Westport  
Saturday, May 4  
2:00 to 3:30 p.m.  
Westport Public Library  
Arnold Bernhard Plaza

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*Christopher Shays*

M.C.  
Presorted Standard  
ECR  
WSS

**Postal Customer – Local**  
Fourth Congressional District  
Connecticut

CONGRESSMAN CHRISTOPHER SHAYS  
**2001-02 LEGISLATIVE  
VOTES**

# 2001-02 LEGISLATIVE VOTES



## WAR ON TERRORISM

### (338) HJRes 61: Terrorist Attacks - Passage

September 13, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution that would express the sense of Congress that the Senate and the House condemn the terrorists who planned and carried out the Sept. 11 attacks against the United States, as well as their sponsors; extend deepest condolences to the victims and their families; commend the heroic actions of rescue workers, volunteers and officials responding to the scene; commit support of increased resources to eradicate terrorism; and declare Sept. 12 as a national day of unity and mourning. Passed 408-0.  
Vote: Yea

### (339) HR 2882: Officer Payments - Passage

September 13, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would require Public Safety Officer Benefit payments to be made to beneficiaries of officers killed or suffering a catastrophic injury within 30 days that a public agency certifies such injuries occurred in the line of duty while responding to the Sept. 11 attacks. Passed 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

### (340) HR 2884: Attack Victims' Taxes - Passage

September 13, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would lower estate and income tax liability for individuals killed during the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks against the United States. It would reduce by more than half their estate tax liability. It also would exempt them from paying income taxes in the year they died and exempt assistance money from the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Commercial airline payments of \$25,000 to passengers killed also would be exempt from income tax. Passed 418-0.  
Vote: Yea

(341) HR 2888: Fiscal 2001 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations - Passage  
September 14, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would provide \$40 billion in emergency supplemental appropriations available for fiscal 2001 for disaster assistance,

## GLOSSARY OF TERMS Used in the Voting Record Report

**Amendment** – A proposal by a member of Congress to alter the language, provisions, or stipulations in a bill or in another amendment. It is usually printed, debated, and voted upon in the same way as a bill.

**Appropriations** – Legislation which provides the spending authority approved by authorization bills, but not necessarily the full amount authorized. There are 13 appropriations bills each year, effective for the fiscal year which begins October 1.

**Authorization** – Basic legislation that establishes or continues (reauthorizes) the legal operation of a federal program or agency, either indefinitely or for a specific time period, or which sanctions a particular type of obligation or expenditure.

**Bill** – A legislative proposal, designated as “HR” in the House of Representatives or “S” in the Senate, followed by a number assigned in the order in which it is introduced during the two-year period of a Congress. A bill becomes a law if it is approved by both houses of Congress in identical form and signed by the President or a President’s veto is overridden by a two-thirds vote in both the House and Senate.

**Committee of the Whole House** – A procedural construct designed to expedite the legislative work of the House in which slightly less formal rules of debate and voting on amendments apply.

**Concurrent Resolution** – A resolution, designated as House Concurrent Resolution (“HConRes”) or Senate Concurrent Resolution (“SConRes”), often used to express the “sense of Congress” on various domestic or foreign policy issues. Concurrent resolutions differ from bills as they are neither required nor intended for approval by the President and, therefore, do not have the full force of law.

**Conference Report** – The product of a meeting (“conference”) between designated representatives of the House and Senate to reconcile differences between the two houses over provisions of a bill or joint resolution passed by both chambers in different form. No bill or joint resolution can be sent to the President unless both chambers of Congress have approved the same language.

**Continuing Resolution** – A bill which provides appropriations for specific ongoing activities of federal agencies when a fiscal year begins and the regular 13 appropriations bills have not yet been enacted into law.

**Joint Resolution** – A resolution designated House Joint Resolution (“HJRes”) or Senate Joint Resolution (“SJRes”), followed by a number assigned in the order in which it is introduced during the two-year period in which a particular Congress is convened. If approved by both houses in identical form and signed by the President, it becomes a law (just as a bill). A joint resolution is generally limited to special circumstances and is also used to propose amendments to the Constitution. Under that purpose, a joint resolution does not require a Presidential signature and becomes part of the Constitution if three-fourths of the states ratify it.

**Resolution** – A simple resolution, designated House Resolution (“HRes”) or Senate Resolution (“SRes”), deals with matters entirely within the prerogatives of one house or the other. It requires neither passage by the other house nor approval by the President. It is commonly used for internal business or for expressing the views (“sense”) of the House or Senate.

**Suspension of the Rules** – A procedure used in the House intended to speed the consideration of non-controversial legislation. Under suspension of the rules, debate is limited to 40 minutes, no amendments are permitted, and a two-thirds vote is required for passage.

anti-terrorism initiatives and recovery assistance from the terrorist attacks on the United States that occurred on Sept. 11. Passed 422-0. A “yea” was a vote in support of the President’s position.  
Vote: Yea

### (342) HJRes 64: Use of Force Authorization - Passage

September 14, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution that would authorize the President to use all necessary and appropriate force against the nations, organizations, or people that he determines planned, authorized, committed or aided the terrorist attacks that occurred on Sept. 11 or that harbored such organizations or people, to prevent future acts of terrorism against the United States. Passed 420-1. (Under a unanimous consent agreement, the House subsequently passed an identical Senate-passed resolution (S J Res 23), clearing the measure for the President.)  
Vote: Yea

(346) HR 2926: Airline Relief - Rule  
September 21, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 244) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would provide \$5 billion in grants and up to \$10 billion in loan guarantees to airline companies to compensate for losses incurred as a result of the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. Adopted 285-130.  
Vote: Yea

(347) HR 2926: Airline Relief - Recommit  
September 21, 2001 - DeFazio, D-Ore., motion to recommit the bill to the House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee with instructions to add new sections requiring airlines to cover all health insurance costs for employees for 18 months after separation and ordering that airline passengers be screened by Federal Aviation Administration employees. Motion rejected 174-239.  
Vote: Nay

(348) HR 2926: Airline Relief - Passage

September 21, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would provide \$5 billion in grants and up to \$10 billion in loan guarantees to airline companies to compensate for losses incurred as a result of the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. The bill also would create a federal board to review how the loan guarantees are handled, and establish a victims' compensation fund to compensate victims killed or injured in the attacks, or their survivors. Airlines' liability for damages related to the Sept. 11 attacks would be limited to the amount of insurance coverage they had for such incidents. Passed 356-54.

Vote: Yea

(356) HR 2586: Fiscal 2002

Defense Authorization - Anti-Terrorism and Drug Task Force  
September 25, 2001 - Traficant, D-Ohio, amendment that would set up a task force on counterterrorism and drug interdiction by either the Treasury or Justice departments and would allow military personnel to help patrol U.S. borders. Adopted 242-173.

Vote: Yea

(384) HR 2975: Anti-Terrorism Authority - Rule

October 12, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 264) that would provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would expand law enforcement's power to investigate suspected terrorists. Adopted 214-208.

Vote: Yea

(385) HR 2975: Anti-Terrorism Authority - Recommit

October 12, 2001 - Nadler, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Judiciary Committee with instructions to add language that would restrict the bill's provisions to terrorism-related investigations. Motion rejected 73-345.

Vote: Nay

(386) HR 2975: Anti-Terrorism Authority - Passage

October 12, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would expand law enforcement's power to investigate suspected terrorists. The bill would allow disclosure of wiretap information among certain government officials, authorize limited disclosure of secret grand jury information to certain government officials, and authorize the Attorney General to detain foreigners he suspects are tied to terrorism. It also would make it easier for law enforcement to track Internet communications using surveillance techniques. Most of the bill's intelligence-gathering provisions would sunset after three years, but if the President provides notice that the national interest requires their continuation they would be extended another two years. Passed 337-79. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(387) HConRes 248: God Bless America - Adoption

October 16, 2001 - Castle, R-Del., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of the Congress that public schools could display "God Bless America" in support of the United States. Motion agreed to 404-0.

Vote: Yea

(390) HR 3004: Money Laundering - Passage

October 17, 2001 - Oxley, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would expand the Treasury Department's ability to fight money laundering. The bill would broaden law enforcement activities in this area, impose additional record keeping and other financial safeguards on domestic banks, and place new restrictions or bans on foreign banks that deal with the United States. Motion agreed to 412-1.

Vote: Yea

(396) HR 3160: Anti-Biological Toxins - Passage

October 23, 2001 - Tauzin, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would amend the 1996 Anti-Terrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act to impose new criminal penalties on individuals who unsafely or illegally possess, use or transfer certain controlled biological agents and toxins. It also would require the Department of Health and Human Services to establish new regulations in this area, including additional reporting, registration and handling requirements. Motion agreed to 419-0.

Vote: Yea

(398) HR 3162: Anti-Terrorism Authority - Passage

October 24, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would expand law enforcement's power to investigate suspected terrorists. The bill would allow disclosure of wiretap information among certain government officials, authorize limited disclosure of secret grand jury information to certain government officials, and authorize the attorney general to detain foreigners he suspects are tied to terrorism. It would make it easier for law enforcement to track voice and Internet communications and would strengthen laws to combat money laundering. Most of the bill's intelligence-gathering provisions would sunset after four years. Motion agreed to 357-66. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(407) HJRes 71: Patriot Day - Passage

October 25, 2001 - Passage of the resolution that would designate Sept. 11 as "Patriot Day." Passed 407-0.

Vote: Yea

(408) HConRes 243: Officers' Medal - Adoption

October 30, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress that the medal of valor should be awarded to public safety officers who were killed or demonstrated valor above and beyond the call of duty while responding to the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. Motion agreed to 409-0.

Vote: Yea

(411) HConRes 233: Emergency Personnel Tribute - Adoption

October 30, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor the emergency personnel who first responded to the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks and support a Presidential proclamation in tribute to them. It would express regrets to the families of those killed or injured and support further coordination among federal, state and local governments on coordinated emergency preparedness. Motion agreed to 405-0.

Vote: Yea

(420) HR 3150: Aviation Security - Amendment to the Rule

November 01, 2001 - Reynolds, R-N.Y., amendment to the Young, R-Alaska, amendment made in order under the rule (H Res 274) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would increase airline and airport security. The Reynolds amendment would create a hiring preference for laid-off airline workers as airport screeners, eliminate a provision exempting some compensation from salary and benefits caps in the aviation assistance law enacted in September, require a preference for U.S.-owned companies in contracts for screening services, and order an itemized list of security expenses by airports seeking reimbursement under the act. Adopted 379-50. Subsequently, the rule was adopted by voice vote.

Vote: Yea

(421) HR 3150: Aviation Security - Liability Expansion

November 01, 2001 - Young, R-Alaska, amendment that would include provisions broadening liability caps in the Air Transportation Safety and System Stabilization Act to any party sued as a result of the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. It also would require that all airport screeners be deputized as federal transportation agents, order the screening of as much baggage as possible for explosives, require additional employee background checks, authorize airports and related service companies to use \$1.5 billion for security reimbursement, and order airlines to honor tickets from other carriers whose flights were disrupted by terrorism, war or bankruptcy. Adopted 223-202.

Vote: Yea

(423) HR 3150: Aviation Security - Democratic Substitute

November 01, 2001 - Oberstar, D-Minn., amendment that would federalize passenger and baggage screeners at the country's largest 140 airports and give the Justice Department responsibility for airport and airline security. It includes additional security provisions similar to those in the underlying bill but would not broaden liability caps. Rejected 214-218.

Vote: Nay

(424) HR 3150: Aviation Security - Recommit

November 01, 2001 - Oberstar, D-Minn., motion to recommit the bill to the House Transportation and Infrastructure Committee with instructions to add language that would create the Transportation Security Administration under the Transportation Department, call for the development of a personnel system to hire and train screeners, and establish rules and standards for screeners to follow. Motion rejected 201-227.

Vote: Nay

(425) HR 3150: Aviation Security - Passage

November 01, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would increase airline and airport security. The bill would establish a new security agency within the Transportation Department and require additional safeguards including armed air marshals, anti-hijacking training for flight crews, stronger cockpit doors, law enforcement oversight at screening areas, and background checks for individuals in secure areas. It would give the Bush administration the choice of whether airport baggage screeners should be federal employees or private contract workers. It would call for a levy of \$2.50 per passenger fee for each leg to help pay for enhanced security. Passed 286-139. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(428) S 1447: Airline Security - Motion to Instruct

November 06, 2001 - Oberstar, D-Minn., motion to instruct House conferees to resolve as quickly as possible, and not later than Nov. 9, the differences between the House and Senate versions of the bill that would increase airline and airport security. Motion agreed to 397-0.

Vote: Missed Vote

(429) HR 2998: Afghan Radio - Passage

November 07, 2001 - Royce, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize \$27.5 million through fiscal 2003 to establish and run Radio Free Afghanistan, which would broadcast programming to Afghans in their native languages. Motion agreed to 405-2.

Vote: Yea

(443) HConRes 228: Children's Aid - Adoption

November 15, 2001 - Herger, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress that the children who lost a parent or guardian in the Sept. 11 terror attacks should be provided with all necessary assistance and urge agencies to make such assistance a priority. Motion agreed to 418-0.

Vote: Yea

(445) HConRes 239: Children's Prayers - Adoption

November 15, 2001 - Isakson, R-Ga., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress that schools should allow children time to pray for, or silently reflect upon, the country during the war against terrorism. Motion agreed to 297-125.

Vote: Yea

(448) S 1447: Aviation Security - Conference Report

November 16, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would establish a new security agency within the Transportation Department to assume federal control of U.S. airport security and screening services. Passenger and baggage screeners would become federal employees within one year of enactment, but the bill sets up a pilot program under which five airports could resume use of private screeners under federal supervision after that time and all airports could switch to private screeners after three years. The agency would directly oversee airport security, conduct background checks and enforce stringent employment, training and performance standards, including U.S. citizenship requirements for screeners. Other safeguards would include having all bags checked for explosives by December 2002, armed air marshals, anti-hijacking training for flight crews, stronger cockpit doors, and background checks on individuals enrolling in flight schools. Passengers would pay a \$2.50 boarding charge, with a maximum fee of \$5 per trip, to help pay for enhanced security. The bill also would limit legal liability for certain parties sued after the Sept. 11 attacks. Adopted (thus cleared for the President) 410-9.

Vote: Yea

(457) HR 3338: Fiscal 2002 Defense Appropriations - Employment Funds

November 28, 2001 - Miller, D-Calif., amendment that would prohibit \$1.5 billion in employment funds from being spent on New York City rebuilding efforts. Rejected 201-220.

Vote: Nay

(461) HR 3210: Terrorism Insurance - Rule

November 29, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 297) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would authorize a three-year federal loan program to help the casualty and property insurance industry cover future terrorist-related losses. Adopted 216-202.

Vote: Yea

(462) HR 3210: Terrorism Insurance - Democratic Substitute

November 29, 2001 - LaFalce, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would include provisions similar to the base bill regarding loans for the insurance industry in the event of future terrorist-related losses but require the industry to be responsible for a greater portion of initial losses before receiving aid, mandate that providers offer terrorism-related coverage, eliminate restrictions on lawsuits, and allow any provider to receive aid whose losses exceed seven percent of its net premiums. Rejected 197-222.

Vote: Nay

(463) HR 3210: Terrorism Insurance - Recommit

November 29, 2001 - LaFalce, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Financial Services Committee with instructions to strike language that restricts lawsuits and liability damages and add language that would ban insurers from passing assessment costs associated with repaying federal loans onto policyholders and require insurers to provide assurances that it will abide by the bill's repayment assessment provisions. Motion rejected 173-243.

Vote: Nay

(464) HR 3210: Terrorism Insurance - Passage

November 29, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would authorize a three-year federal loan program to help the casualty and property insurance industry cover future terrorist-related losses. The loans would cover 90 percent of industry-wide losses over \$1 billion but under \$100 billion and would have to be repaid, the initial \$20 billion to come from insurance company assessments, the rest to come from surcharges levied against policyholders. It also restricts terrorist-related lawsuits by limiting them to federal court and containing limited liability provisions such as bans on punitive damages and caps on non-economic damages and attorney fees. Passed 227-193.

Vote: Yea

(473) HConRes 232: United Airlines Flight 93 - Adoption

December 05, 2001 - Mica, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress paying tribute to those killed on United Airlines Flight 93, offering condolences to their family

and friends, and stating that a memorial plaque in their honor should be placed on the U.S. Capitol grounds. Motion agreed to 415-0.

Vote: Yea

(483) HConRes 281: Johnny Spann Tribute - Adoption

December 11, 2001 - Goss, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would pay tribute to Johnny Micheal Spann, a Central Intelligence Agency officer and the first U.S. citizen killed in combat in Afghanistan. Motion agreed to 401-0.

Vote: Yea

(491) HR 3209: Terrorist Hoaxes - Passage

December 12, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would make hoaxes involving biological agents, chemical weapons and weapons of mass destruction federal crimes if they set off an emergency response by a law enforcement agency. Violators would be subject to criminal and civil penalties, including repayment of response costs. Motion agreed to 423-0.

Vote: Yea

(493) HR 3448: Bioterrorism Preparedness - Passage

December 12, 2001 - Tauzin, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize federal, state and local governments to spend up to \$3 billion in fiscal 2002, and additional amounts in future years, to prepare and respond to acts of bioterrorism. It would include more than \$1 billion for the Department of Health and Human Services to increase medicine and vaccine stockpiles and \$450 million for expansion of facilities and labs run by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The bill also would include funds to safeguard the nation's food and water supplies. Motion agreed to 418-2.

Vote: Yea

(494) HR 3338: Fiscal 2002 Defense Appropriations - Motion to Instruct

December 12, 2001 - Obey, D-Wis., motion to instruct House conferees to insist on the highest funding levels within the conference's scope for defense, homeland security, and recovery efforts after the Sept. 11 terror attacks. It would include pushing for the President's full emergency defense spending request of \$7.3 billion and insisting upon the Senate's increased funding levels for border security, law enforcement, food and nuclear safety, and disaster relief payments. It also would call for insisting upon the highest level for transportation security. Motion agreed to 370-44.

Vote: Yea

(500) HR 3054: September 11 Medals - Passage

December 18, 2001 - King, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize the award of congressional gold medals to government officials, officers, and emergency workers who responded to the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks in New York City. It also would authorize medals for the passengers and crew who resisted terrorists aboard United Airlines Flight 93, which crashed in Pennsylvania. Motion agreed to 392-2.

Vote: Yea

(501) HR 3275: Anti-Terrorism Accords - Passage

December 19, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would implement the International Convention for the Suppression of Terrorist Bombings and the International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism by making it a federal crime to attempt or carry out terrorist bombings of public, government and infrastructure facilities or to engage in financial transactions related to those acts. Violators would be subject to up to 20 years in prison and bombers whose actions result in fatalities could receive the death penalty. Motion agreed to 381-36.

Vote: Yea

(15) HR 2998: Afghan Radio - Concur with Senate Amendment  
February 12, 2002 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendment to the bill that would authorize \$17 million through fiscal 2003 to establish and run Radio Free Afghanistan, which would broadcast programming to Afghans in their native languages. Motion agreed to 421-2.

Vote: Yea

(46) HR 3448: Bioterrorism Preparedness - Motion to Instruct  
February 28, 2002 - Eshoo, D-Calif., motion to instruct House conferees to work hard to reconcile House and Senate differences, to recognize the importance of maintaining steady funding for bioterrorism and emergency activities and establishing a national tracking system for biological agents. They also would stress the need to prioritize resources, to cooperate with President Bush, and to protect drinking water supplies. Motion agreed to 412-0.

Vote: Yea

(66) HRes 368: Pentagon Restoration - Adoption  
March 19, 2002 - Saxton, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to the work being done to restore that part of the Pentagon damaged during the Sept. 11 terrorist attack. Motion agreed to 413-0.

Vote: Missed Vote

## AGRICULTURE

(17) HR 256: Farmer Bankruptcy Extension - Passage  
February 28, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend Chapter 12 federal bankruptcy protection for farmers retroactive to July 1, 2000, and through June 1, 2001. Motion agreed to 408-2.  
Vote: Yea

(153) HR 1914: Farmer Bankruptcy Extension - Passage  
June 06, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend Chapter 12 federal bankruptcy protection for farmers retroactive to June 1, 2001, and through Oct. 1, 2001. Motion agreed to 411-1.  
Vote: Yea

(207) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Rule  
June 28, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 183) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$74.4 billion in fiscal 2002 for agriculture programs, including \$15.7 billion for discretionary spending. Adopted 222-194.  
Vote: Yea

(210) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Food Labeling  
June 28, 2001 - Engel, D-N.Y., amendment that would provide \$250,000 for carrying out FDA duties regarding food labeling. Adopted 291-115.  
Vote: Yea

(218) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Engineered Fish  
July 11, 2001 - Kucinich, D-Ohio, amendment that would bar using federal funds to approve an application for an animal drug to create genetically engineered fish. Rejected 145-279.  
Vote: Nay

(219) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Wool and Mohair  
July 11, 2001 - Weiner, D-N.Y., amendment that would bar using federal funds to pay wool or mohair producers for the 2000 or 2001 marketing years. Rejected 155-272.  
Vote: Yea

(221) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Passage  
July 11, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$74.4 billion in fiscal 2002 for agriculture programs, including \$15.7 billion for discretionary spending. It includes \$22 billion for the food stamp program, \$10.1 billion for child nutrition programs, \$4.6 billion for Rural Electric and Telecommunications Loans, \$4.5 billion for Rural Housing Loans, and \$4.1 billion for Women, Infants and Children. It also includes \$3 billion for the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, \$1.2 billion for the Food and Drug Administration, \$1.1 billion for the Agricultural Research Service and \$720 million for the Food Safety and Inspection Service. Passed 414-16.  
Vote: Nay

(365) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Loan Gains  
October 03, 2001 - Smith, R-Mich., amendment that would require the Secretary of Agriculture to consider marketing loan gains, loan deficiency payments, and gains from certificates or crop forfeiture when determining whether the limit on the total amount of payments or gains any person can receive for a single commodity in a crop year has been reached. Rejected 187-238.  
Vote: Yea

(367) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Sugar Subsidy  
October 04, 2001 - Miller, R-Fla., amendment that would reduce the loan rates for raw cane sugar by 1 cent, increase the forfeiture penalty by 1 cent per pound and authorize up to \$300 million in resulting savings for conservation and environmental stewardship programs, with a priority for Everglades restoration. Rejected 177-239.  
Vote: Yea

(368) HR 2646: Farm Bill - National Dairy Compact  
October 04, 2001 - Sanders, I-Vt., amendment that would create a framework allowing for a nationwide dairy compact in which all states that have already voted to join a dairy compact would be members. Any other state could opt to join. Rejected 194-224.  
Vote: Nay

(369) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Rural Improvement Grants  
October 04, 2001 - Clayton, D-N.C., amendment would shift \$100 million in fixed payments for agricultural producers to several rural grants, including \$45 million annually for Rural Strategic Planning Initiatives; \$45 million annually for Community Water Assistance Grants; and \$10 million annually for the Value-Added Grants Program. Adopted 235-183.  
Vote: Yea

(370) HR 2646: Farm Bill - International Fruit Labels  
October 04, 2001 - Bono, R-Calif., amendment that would require retailers of fresh fruits, vegetables or any other perishable agricultural commodity to label fresh produce with its country of origin. Adopted 296-121.  
Vote: Yea

(371) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Passage  
October 05, 2001 - Authorize \$167 billion over ten years for farm price supports, conservation programs, food aid and rural development. Authorize \$5 billion annually through 2012 to growers of corn, wheat, soybeans, rice and cotton. Payments would be made on a countercyclical program, meaning they would increase as prices dropped. Fixed payment plans based upon acres planted and set aside for conservation would be retained from the previous farm law. Eliminate a marketing tax on sugar at a cost of \$440 million over 10 years, reduce the interest rate on sugar price support loans and authorize a payment-in-kind program that would allow growers to pay loans in sugar instead of cash. Extend a milk price support program through 2011 at a cost of \$773 million. Create several marketing assistance loan programs similar to those for other commodities, including a loan program for wool and mohair at \$164 million over 10 years and a honey loan program. Overhaul the peanut commodity program at a cost of \$3.4 billion to make it resemble other crops' arrangements more closely. End the marketing quota program and pay quota holders for the loss of crops they planted under it. Give the Agriculture Secretary the authority to combat outbreaks of plant and animal diseases with emergency funds. Provide an additional \$200 million in spending authority for surplus commodity purchases. Create a Technical Assistance Specialty Crop fund to assist with barriers to fruit and vegetable trade. Authorize \$15 million annually for the life of the bill for the Seniors Farmers' Market Program. Authorize \$16 billion through 2011 for soil, water and wildlife programs. Authorize \$1.4 billion for the Conservation Reserve Program through 2011, with a 39.5 million-acre enrollment cap. Authorize \$10.3 billion through 2011 for the Environmental Quality Incentive Program. Passed 291-120.  
Vote: Nay

(436) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Conference Report  
November 13, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$75.9 billion, including \$16 billion in discretionary funds, in fiscal 2002 for agriculture programs, rural development and nutrition programs. The agreement would include \$23 billion for the food stamp program, \$10.1 billion for child nutrition programs and \$1 billion for the Agricultural

Research Service. It also would provide \$75 million for apple growers hurt by bad weather. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 379-33.  
Vote: Nay

## ARTS, IMMIGRATION, SOCIAL SERVICES AND OTHER DOMESTIC ISSUES

(21) HRes 54: African-American Cowboy Tribute - Adoption  
February 28, 2001 - Schaffer, R-Colo., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the bill that would honor African-American cowboys, including those in Dearfield, Colo. Motion agreed to 411-0.  
Vote: Yea

(127) HR 1885: Immigrant Residency Extension - Passage  
May 21, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend for four months a law allowing some immigrants to remain in the country while pursuing legal residency. Motion agreed to 336-43.  
Vote: Yea

(150) HConRes 100: Coach Tribute - Adoption  
June 05, 2001 - Osborne, R-Neb., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would commend the American Football Coaches Association and Clear Channel Communications for supplying parents with fingerprint kits that can be used to help locate missing, kidnapped and runaway children. Motion agreed to 405-0.  
Vote: Yea

(152) HR 1209: Children's Visa Expansion - Passage  
June 06, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would amend the Immigration and Nationality Act so that the age of an alien applying for permanent residency status would be based on the application's filing date rather than its processing date. Motion agreed to 416-0.  
Vote: Yea

(168) HConRes 163: Juneteenth Tribute - Adoption  
June 19, 2001 - Shays, R-Conn., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would recognize the significance of Juneteenth, the annual celebration marking June 19, 1865, the day slaves in Galveston, Texas, heard of their emancipation. Motion agreed to 415-0.  
Vote: Yea

(171) HRes 124: Youth Tribute - Adoption  
June 20, 2001 - Castle, R-Del., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would recognize the importance of America's youth, support American Youth Day, and encourage participation in activities furthering the five promises of America's Promise - The Alliance for Youth. Motion agreed to 424-0.  
Vote: Yea

(177) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Arts and Humanities  
June 21, 2001 - Slaughter, D-N.Y., amendment that would defer \$15 million of Clean Coal Technology funding until fiscal 2003 and provide increases of \$10 million for the National Endowment for the Arts, \$3 million for the National Endowment for the Humanities, and \$2 million for the Institute of Museums and Library Services. Adopted 221-193.  
Vote: Yea

(184) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - NEA Funding  
June 21, 2001 - Stearns, R-Fla., amendment that would reduce funding for the National Endowment for the Arts by \$10 million. Rejected 145-264.  
Vote: Nay

(211) HConRes 170: Faith-Based Support - Adoption  
July 10, 2001 - Whitfield, R-Ky., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress that corporations should increase their support of faith-based organizations and should not prohibit giving to such organizations merely because they are faith-based. Motion agreed to 391-17.  
Vote: Yea

(242) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Alien Deportations  
July 18, 2001 - Jackson-Lee, D-Texas, amendment that would prohibit use of funds in the bill to deport aliens for conviction of a crime if they entered into a plea agreement before April 1997 or if they requested discretionary relief after June 25, 2001. Rejected 189-242.  
Vote: Nay

(251) HR 7: Faith-Based Initiatives - Rule  
July 19, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 196) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would allow religious organizations to compete equally with other non-governmental groups for federal funds to provide social services, and provide \$13.3 billion in tax breaks for charitable giving over 10 years. Adopted 233-194.  
Vote: Yea

(252) HR 7: Faith-Based Initiatives - Democratic Substitute  
July 19, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would forbid federally-funded religious social service providers from employment discrimination based on religion. It would disallow the preemption of any state or local civil rights law by any bill provision. It also would prohibit religious groups from conducting sectarian activities at the same time and place that they carry out federally-funded social programs and would strike a bill provision allowing indirect aid to be used for religious purposes. It would offset the bill's tax break by reducing by .2 percent the rate reduction given to individuals in the top bracket in the recently enacted tax package. Rejected 168-261.  
Vote: Nay

(253) HR 7: Faith-Based Initiatives - Recommit  
July 19, 2001 - Conyers, D-Mich., motion to recommit to the Judiciary Committee with instructions to add language stating that federally-funded religious service providers cannot discriminate based on religion and that no provisions supercede state or local civil rights laws. Motion rejected 195-234.  
Vote: Yea

(254) HR 7: Faith-Based Initiatives - Passage  
July 19, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would allow religious organizations to compete with other non-governmental groups for federal funds to provide an expanded list of social services without abandoning their religious character; the bill also would provide \$13.3 billion in tax breaks for charitable giving over 10 years. Passed 233-198. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(258) HR 1892: Immigrant Affidavit - Passage  
July 23, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize close family members of a sponsor of a permanent residency application to sign an affidavit of financial support if the sponsor dies and if the Attorney General decides the application should not be revoked. Motion agreed to 379-0.  
Vote: Yea

(39) HR 1892: Immigrant Affidavit - Concur with Senate Amendments  
February 26, 2002 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendments to the bill that would authorize close family members of a sponsor of a permanent residency application to sign an affidavit of financial support if the sponsor dies and if the Attorney General decides the application should not be revoked. Motion agreed to 404-3.  
Vote: Yea

(53) HR 1885: Residency Extension and Tighter Borders - Concur with Senate Amendment  
March 12, 2002 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would concur with House amendments to the Senate amendment to the bill that would extend a law allowing some immigrants to remain in the country while pursuing legal residency and also increase security along U.S. borders. The section 245(i) extension would be through the earlier of Nov. 30, 2002, or four months after the Justice Department issues regulations carrying out the measure. The additional security provisions would include providing additional agents at entry points, requiring greater monitoring of those seeking and receiving entry, and banning residents of terrorist-sponsoring countries from receiving temporary visas. Motion agreed to 275-137.  
Vote: Yea

(72) HRes 371: Tribute to Women - Adoption  
March 20, 2002 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to the contributions of women in honor of Women's History Month. Motion agreed to 423-0.  
Vote: Yea

## BUDGET, TAXES, AND THE ECONOMY

(13) HR 2: Social Security Lockbox - Passage  
February 13, 2001 - Sessions, R-Texas, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would ensure the Social Security surplus is used only to pay down the public debt until Social Security reform legislation is enacted, and that the surplus in the Medicare hospital insurance trust fund is used to pay down the public debt until Medicare reform legislation

is enacted. The measure would establish points of order intended to protect Social Security and Medicare surpluses. Under the bill, these points of order would expire once Social Security and Medicare overhaul legislation is enacted. Motion agreed to 407-2.  
Vote: Yea

(39) HR 3: Income Tax Reduction - Rule  
March 08, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 83) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would lower federal income taxes by restructuring the five existing tax brackets into four (10, 15, 25 and 33 percent). Adopted 220-204.  
Vote: Yea

(42) HR 3: Income Tax Reduction - Democratic Substitute  
March 08, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would create a new 12 percent tax rate to be phased in over three years; expand the earned income tax credit; double the married couple deduction; and adjust the alternative minimum tax so that filers would receive the rate reduction benefits. Rejected 155-273.  
Vote: Nay

(43) HR 3: Income Tax Reduction - Substitute Amendment Reconsideration  
March 08, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to table (kill) the Berry, D-Ark., motion to reconsider the vote on the Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would create a new 12 percent tax rate to be phased in over three years; expand the earned income tax credit; double the married couple deduction; and adjust the alternative minimum tax so that filers would receive the rate reduction benefits. Motion agreed to 228-197.  
Vote: Yea

(44) HR 3: Income Tax Reduction - Recommit  
March 08, 2001 - Stenholm, D-Texas, motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions not to report the bill back until April 15, 2001, unless Congress has completed action on the concurrent budget resolution for fiscal 2002. Motion rejected 204-221.  
Vote: Nay

(45) HR 3: Income Tax Reduction - Passage  
March 08, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would lower federal income taxes by restructuring the five existing tax brackets into four (10, 15, 25 and 33 percent). Passed 230-198. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(65) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Rule  
March 28, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 100) to provide for House floor consideration of the resolution that would set broad spending and revenue targets. The resolution calls for cutting taxes by \$1.6 trillion over 10 years and reducing the publicly-held debt over the same time period by \$2.3 trillion. The resolution calls for \$660.6 billion in discretionary spending for fiscal 2002, a 4 percent increase over the current level. It calls for \$13.8 billion more in defense spending, a 4.4 percent increase over the current level, and \$11.3 billion more in non-defense spending, 3.5 percent over the current level. The resolution would permit additional tax cuts if the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) increases its projected on-budget surplus estimates. It also permits additional spending increases by the Budget Committee chairman including more in defense spending needed to enact a Presidential review of the Department of Defense. Adopted 282-130.  
Vote: Yea

(66) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Kucinich Substitute  
March 28, 2001 - Kucinich, D-Ohio, substitute amendment on behalf of the Congressional Progressive Caucus that calls for dividing the available on-budget surplus over 10 years (\$2.7 trillion) into one-third for reducing the public debt, one-third for cutting taxes, and one-third for increasing non-defense discretionary spending, especially in the areas of education and health care. The amendment would decrease proposed fiscal 2002 defense spending by \$65 billion. Rejected 79-343.  
Vote: Nay

(67) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Stenholm Substitute  
March 28, 2001 - Stenholm, D-Texas, substitute amendment on behalf of the Blue Dog Coalition, that calls for dividing the projected on-budget surplus over five years (the resolution sets a 10-year budget framework) into one-half for reducing the public debt, one-quarter for increasing priority discretionary spending projects, and one-quarter for cutting taxes. The amendment also would call for surpluses generated from Social Security and Medicare to go toward debt reduction. Rejected 204-221.  
Vote: Nay

(68) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Flake Substitute  
March 28, 2001 - Flake, R-Ariz., substitute amendment on behalf of the Republican Study Committee (RSC), that calls for limiting fiscal 2002 discretionary funding to 2.9 percent (\$6.7 billion less than the proposed increase) and cutting taxes by \$2.3 trillion over 10

years. The amendment calls for \$290 billion more than proposed defense increases over 10 years and \$440 billion less than proposed increases for non-defense discretionary spending. Rejected 81-341.  
Vote: Nay

(69) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Democratic Substitute  
March 28, 2001 - Spratt, D-S.C., substitute amendment that calls for dividing the non-Social Security, non-Medicare, 10-year surplus (\$2.7 trillion) into approximately one-third for spending, one-third for cutting taxes, and one-third for reducing the debt and providing additional Medicare and Social Security resources. The amendment would call for extending the solvency of the Social Security and Medicare programs. The plan calls for \$270.6 billion more in non-defense discretionary spending than the budget resolution over 10 years. In fiscal 2002, it calls for \$12.6 billion more in non-defense discretionary spending than the resolution, and \$2.7 billion more in defense discretionary spending. Rejected 183-243.  
Vote: Nay

(70) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Adoption  
March 28, 2001 - Adoption of the concurrent resolution that would set broad spending and revenue targets. The resolution calls for cutting taxes by \$1.6 trillion over 10 years and reducing the publicly-held debt over the same time period by \$2.3 trillion. The resolution calls for \$660.6 billion in discretionary spending for fiscal 2002, a 4 percent increase over the current level. It calls \$13.8 billion more in defense spending, a 4.4 percent increase over the current level and \$11.3 billion more in non-defense spending, 3.5 percent over the current level. The resolution would permit additional tax cuts if the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) increases its projected on-budget surplus estimates. Adopted 222-205.  
Vote: Yea

(71) HR 6: Marriage Tax Reduction - Rule  
March 29, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 104) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would reduce taxes by \$399.2 billion over ten years by doubling both the married couples' deduction and the child tax credit. The measure would gradually raise the standard deduction, expand the 15 percent income tax bracket, and raise the alternative minimum tax exemption, for married couples filing jointly to twice that of individuals filing singly. The bill would raise the earned-income amount used by joint filers to calculate the earned-income credit to 110 percent of the amount used by all other

taxpayers. It also would gradually double the child tax credit to \$1,000, and make the credit refundable. Adopted 249-171.  
Vote: Yea

(73) HR 6: Marriage Tax Reduction - Democratic Substitute  
March 29, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment, that would reduce taxes by \$585.5 billion over 10 years. The plan would lower the current 15 percent tax bracket to 12 percent on the first \$20,000 of couples' taxable income and \$10,000 for single taxpayers. It would double the standard deduction for married couples filing jointly to twice that of individuals filing singly. The plan would adjust the alternative minimum tax so that anyone with tax liability would receive the benefit of the rate reduction. It also would simplify and expand the earned income tax credit for low-income earners. Rejected 196-231.  
Vote: Nay

(74) HR 6: Marriage Tax Reduction - Recommit  
March 29, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to report the measure back to the House with an amendment providing a tax rebate for those with tax liability and those eligible for the earned income credit in 2000 of \$300 for singles and \$600 for married couples. Motion rejected 184-240.  
Vote: Nay

(75) HR 6: Marriage Tax Reduction - Passage

March 29, 2001 - Passage of a bill that would reduce taxes by \$399.2 billion over 10 years by doubling both the married couples' deduction and the child tax credit. The measure would gradually raise the standard deduction, expand the 15 percent income tax bracket, and raise the alternative minimum tax exemption for married couples filing jointly to twice that of individuals filing singly. The bill would raise the earned-income amount used by joint filers to calculate the earned-income credit to 110 percent of the amount used by all other taxpayers. It also would gradually double the child tax credit to \$1,000, and make the credit refundable. Passed 282-144. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(80) HR 8: Estate Tax Relief - Rule  
April 04, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 111) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would lower revenue by \$185.5 billion over ten years by slowly reducing the estate, gift and generation-skipping taxes annually, cutting the top rate on assets over \$3 million from 55 percent to 39 percent, with a complete repeal by 2011. Adopted 413-12.  
Vote: Yea

(82) HR 8: Estate Tax Relief - Democratic Substitute  
April 04, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would lower revenue by \$39.2 billion over 10 years. Beginning in 2002, the estate tax exemption would be increased from \$675,000 to \$2 million (\$4 million for married couples). The exemption would be raised \$100,000 annually until 2010, when it reaches a cap of \$2.5 million (\$5 million for couples). The amendment would retain current-law "step-up basis" provisions; repeal mileage limitations for tax-benefited conservation easements; repeal credit for estate taxes paid to a state and replace it with a deduction; and limit minority discounts used to calculate tax liability. Rejected 201-227.  
Vote: Nay

(83) HR 8: Estate Tax Relief - Recommit  
April 04, 2001 - Pomeroy, D-N.D., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to report the measure back with a substitute amendment that would include increasing the estate and gift tax exemption. The goal of the increase would be to exempt 99 percent of all farms and two-thirds of all others currently subject to the tax. Motion rejected 192-235.  
Vote: Nay

(84) HR 8: Estate Tax Relief - Passage

April 04, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would lower revenue by \$185.5 billion over 10 years by reducing the estate, gift and generation-skipping taxes annually, cutting the top rate on assets over \$3 million from 55 percent to 39 percent, with a complete repeal by 2011. Beginning in 2002, the unified gift and estate credit would be replaced with an exemption allowing the lowering of all taxable estates from 37 percent to 18 percent. Beginning in 2011, individuals inheriting more than \$1.3 million (\$3 million for spouses), would be required to pay capital gains taxes on any increase from the time the asset was acquired by the deceased until it was sold by the heir. Passed 274-154.  
Vote: Yea

(85) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Motion to Instruct  
April 24, 2001 - Spratt, D-S.C., motion to instruct conferees to insist that the conference report include language that would increase education funding to the maximum feasible; provide that Medicare prescription drug coverage costs not be taken from the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund surplus; increase Medicare prescription drug coverage funding to the level set by the Senate amendment; and insist that the on-budget surplus for any fiscal year not be less than that year's Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund surplus. Motion rejected 200-207.  
Vote: Nay

(87) HJRes 41: Tax Limitation Constitutional Amendment - Passage  
April 25, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to propose a constitutional amendment to require a two-thirds majority vote of the entire House and Senate to pass any legislation that increases federal revenues by more than a "de minimis" amount, except in times of war or military conflict threatening national security. Rejected 232-189. A two-thirds majority vote of those present and voting (281 in this case) is required to pass a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution.  
Vote: Yea

(101) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Rule to Recommit  
May 08, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 134) that would recommit to the conference committee the concurrent budget resolution that calls for approximately \$1.35 trillion in tax cuts through fiscal 2011, including a \$100 billion stimulus package. Adopted 409-1.  
Vote: Yea

(103) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Rule  
May 09, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 136) to waive points of order and to provide for House floor consideration of the conference report to the concurrent resolution to adopt a 10-year budget plan that calls for approximately \$1.35 trillion in tax cuts through fiscal 2011, including a \$100 billion stimulus package. Adopted 218-208.  
Vote: Yea

(104) HConRes 83: Fiscal 2002 Budget Resolution - Conference Report  
May 09, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the concurrent resolution to adopt a 10-year budget plan that calls for approximately \$1.35 trillion in tax cuts through fiscal 2011, including a \$100 billion stimulus package. The agreement would cap discretionary spending at \$661.3 billion. Discretionary spending allocations would total \$325.1 billion for defense and \$336.2 billion for non-defense. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 221-207. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(112) HR 586: Foster Care Benefits - Passage  
May 15, 2001 - Lewis, R-Ky., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend tax-exempt status to foster care payments made by any placement agency licensed, certified or designated by a state. The bill also would eliminate the requirement that the exemption apply only to payments made for the care of individuals younger than

age 19 and exempt foster care payments from private agencies from taxation. Motion agreed to 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(116) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Rule  
May 16, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 142) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would provide a tax-cut reconciliation measure, which would adjust marginal rates. Adopted 220-207.  
Vote: Yea

(117) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Democratic Substitute  
May 16, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would provide a one-time, retroactive rebate and reduce the smallest income tax bracket to 12 percent. The amendment would increase the amount of income that one can earn and still qualify for the Earned Income Tax Credit. Rejected 188-239.  
Vote: Nay

(118) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Passage  
May 16, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would cut all income tax rates and make other tax cuts totalling \$958.3 billion over 11 years. The bill would convert the five existing tax rate brackets, which range from 15 percent to 39.6 percent, to a system of four brackets with rates of 10 percent, 15 percent, 25 percent and 33 percent. Passed 230-197. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(123) HR 622: Adoption Tax Credits - Rule  
May 17, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 141) to waive points of order and to provide for House floor consideration of a bill that would increase tax credits provided to families that adopt children. Adopted 415-1.  
Vote: Yea

(124) HR 622: Adoption Tax Credits - Passage  
May 17, 2001 - Passage of a bill that would provide several tax credits for those who adopt, including an increase of the maximum credit given to parents that adopt children from \$5,000 to \$10,000, raise the credit for adopting special needs children from \$6,000 to \$10,000 and make the credit permanent. Passed 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(146) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Motion to Instruct  
May 23, 2001 - Stark, D-Calif., motion to instruct conferees to insist that the conference report not include phase-ins longer than five years, delayed effective dates, or sunsets. The conference report should include "marriage penalty" relief, estate tax relief, increasing the

child tax credit, pension reform and permanent extension of the research tax credit. Motion rejected 198-210.  
Vote: Nay

(148) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Rule  
May 26, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 153) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would reduce taxes by \$1.35 trillion through 2010 and include income tax rate cuts, relief of the "marriage penalty," phase out the federal estate tax, double the child tax credit, and provide incentives for retirement savings. Adopted 213-177.  
Vote: Yea

(149) HR 1836: Tax Cut Reconciliation - Conference Report

May 26, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would reduce taxes by \$1.35 trillion through 2010 through income tax rate cuts, relief of the "marriage penalty," a phase-out of the federal estate tax, doubling the child tax credit, and providing incentives for retirement savings. A new 10 percent tax rate would be created retroactive to Jan. 1, and taxpayers would get rebate checks this summer of \$300 for singles and \$600 for couples. The bill would double the \$500-per-child tax credit by 2010 and make it refundable. It would raise the estate tax exemption to \$1 million in 2002 and phase out the tax over 10 years. It would set the standard deduction for married couples and the income eligible for the 15 percent rate bracket at double that of singles beginning in 2005 and increase annual limits on contributions to Individual Retirement Accounts to \$5,000. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 240-154. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(170) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Rule  
June 20, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 171) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$6.5 billion in supplemental discretionary funds, including \$5.5 billion for national defense and \$473 million in emergency spending. Adopted 223-205.  
Vote: Yea

(174) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Disaster Relief  
June 20, 2001 - Toomey, R-Pa., amendment that would strike the bill's \$389 million rescission in Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) disaster relief funds and enact a .33 percent across-the-board reduction in fiscal 2001 non-defense discretionary spending. The reduction would save about \$1 billion, enough to offset non-defense,

non-Veterans portions of the bill not currently offset and to replace the lost FEMA rescission savings. Rejected 65-362.  
Vote: Yea

(175) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Recommit  
June 20, 2001 - Obey, D-Wis., motion to recommit the bill to the House Appropriations Committee with instructions to report the bill back with amendments to strike the \$389 million rescission from the FEMA disaster relief fund while complying with all applicable budget constraints. Motion rejected 209-218.  
Vote: Nay

(176) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Passage  
June 20, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$6.5 billion in supplemental discretionary funds, including \$5.5 billion for national defense and \$473 million in emergency spending. The bill calls for about \$8 billion in total additional funds but provides for \$1.4 billion in offsets and rescissions. It includes \$389 million in emergency natural disaster aid, \$300 million for low-income energy assistance, \$161 million for the Title I Education for the Disadvantaged program, \$115 million for the Treasury Department to issue tax rebate checks, and \$44 million for House members' representational allowances. Passed 341-87.  
Vote: Nay

(224) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Agree to Conference  
July 12, 2001 - Young, R-Fla., motion that the House disagree to the Senate amendment and agree to a conference on the bill that would appropriate \$6.5 billion in supplemental discretionary funds, including \$5.5 billion for national defense and \$473 million in emergency spending. Motion agreed to 423-3.  
Vote: Yea

(225) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Motion to Instruct  
July 12, 2001 - Obey, D-Wis., motion to instruct House conferees to insist that the conference report does not include any provision rescinding Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) disaster relief funds. It also would insist that conferees agree to Senate provisions appropriating another \$35 million to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service for programs related to "mad cow disease" and "hoof and mouth disease" and another \$84 million for claims under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act. Motion rejected 205-219.  
Vote: Nay

(256) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Conference Report  
July 20, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the \$6.5 billion bill, which would provide \$5.6 billion for the military, primarily for readiness, training and operations. The agreement would include \$389 million for disaster aid, \$300 million for low-income energy assistance, \$161 million for the Title I, Education for the Disadvantaged program, and \$116 million for mailing tax rebate checks. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 375-30. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(350) HJRes 65: Fiscal 2002 Continuing Appropriations - Passage  
September 24, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to provide continuing appropriations through Oct. 16 for all federal departments and programs covered by the fiscal 2002 spending bills not yet enacted. The continuing resolution would set spending levels at current levels and provide that specific funding levels would change once fiscal 2002 spending bills are enacted.  
Passed 392-0.  
Vote: Yea

(401) HRes 270: Economic Stimulus - Rule  
October 24, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 270) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would grant \$99.5 billion in federal tax cuts in fiscal 2002, and a total \$159.4 billion in reductions over 10 years, for businesses and individuals. Adopted 225-199.  
Vote: Yea

(402) HR 3090: Economic Stimulus - Democratic Substitute  
October 24, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would cost \$110 billion in fiscal 2002 for individual and business tax reductions, additional unemployment and health insurance benefits, and new spending on school construction, economic development, security enhancements and other domestic programs. It would offset \$91 billion of the bill's cost by freezing a reduction in the top individual tax bracket at 38.6 percent.  
Rejected 166-261.  
Vote: Nay

(403) HR 3090: Economic Stimulus - Recommit  
October 24, 2001 - Turner, D-Texas, motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to add language that would lower the bill's tax cuts to the level of funding for anti-terrorism efforts, mandate that provisions are temporary only and are to be offset by other changes in the tax code, and require financial aid to individuals and businesses affected by the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. Motion rejected 199-230.  
Vote: Nay

(404) HR 3090: Economic Stimulus - Passage  
October 24, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would grant \$99.5 billion in federal tax cuts in fiscal 2002, and a total \$159.4 billion in reductions over 10 years, for businesses and individuals. The bill would allow more individuals to receive immediate \$300 and \$600 refunds, accelerate a reduction of the 27 percent tax bracket to 25 percent, and lower the capital gains tax rate from 20 percent to 18 percent. It also would eliminate the alternative minimum tax for businesses, allow them to offset income over the last five years with current losses, and allow them to deduct more in depreciation costs. The bill would provide \$3 billion to states for health insurance for the unemployed. Passed 216-214. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(405) HJRes 70: Fiscal 2002 Continuing Appropriations - Passage  
October 25, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to provide continuing appropriations through Nov. 16 for all federal departments and programs covered by the fiscal 2002 spending bills not yet enacted.  
Passed 419-0.  
Vote: Yea

(507) HR 3529: Stimulus and Workers Benefits - Rule  
December 20, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 320) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would reduce individual and business taxes, extend unemployment benefits, and provide a health insurance refundable tax credit. Adopted 219-198.  
Vote: Yea

(508) HR 3529: Stimulus and Workers Benefits - Recommit  
December 20, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to strike all the language after the enacting clause and add a Democratic substitute amendment that would include provisions providing an immediate rebate for individual tax filers, a temporary increase in tangible property depreciation expensing and Section 179 expensing, a temporary extension of expiring tax provisions such as the Work Opportunity Tax Credit, and interest-free school construction financing. Motion rejected 177-238.  
Vote: Nay

(509) HR 3529: Stimulus and Workers Benefits - Passage  
December 20, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would reduce individual and business taxes, extend unemployment benefits, provide a health insurance refundable tax credit and cost \$89.8 billion in 2002 and a total \$156.8 billion over 10 years. The bill would allow more

individuals to receive immediate \$300 refunds, reduce the 27 percent tax bracket to 25 percent effective Jan. 1, 2002, and increase the amount of income exempt from the alternative minimum tax. It would extend by 13 weeks unemployment benefits to displaced workers and offer a temporary 60 percent refundable tax credit for unemployed workers to buy health insurance. The bill would give businesses a 30 percent deduction for the purchase of new equipment and temporarily allow them to carryback their operating losses longer. It also would provide tax relief to individuals and businesses directly affected by the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks in New York.  
Passed 224-193.  
Vote: Yea

(10) HConRes 312: Tax Support - Adoption  
February 06, 2002 - Weller, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress in support of implementing as scheduled the \$1.35 trillion tax cut package enacted last year. Motion rejected 235-181. A two-thirds majority of those present and voting (276 in this case) is required for adoption under suspension of the rules.  
Vote: Yea

(37) HR 622: Unemployment and Tax Breaks - Rule  
February 14, 2002 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 347) to provide for House floor consideration of Senate amendments to the bill that would extend unemployment benefits for 13 weeks. Adopted 213-206.  
Vote: Yea

(38) HR 622: Unemployment and Tax Breaks - Concur with Senate Amendments  
February 14, 2002 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to concur in a House amendment to Senate amendments to the bill that would extend unemployment benefits for 13 weeks and provide additional tax reductions. The bill would accelerate a reduction in the 27 percent tax rate for individuals, allow another depreciation equipment tax credit for businesses, offer a health insurance refundable tax credit, and give a tax rebate to individuals who failed to receive the total \$300 rebate from last year's tax package. Motion agreed to 225-199.  
Vote: Yea

(52) HR 3090: Economic Stimulus - Concur with Senate Amendment  
March 07, 2002 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to concur in a House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill that would cost \$51.2 billion in fiscal 2002 to extend unemployment benefits for up to 13 weeks and give temporary business tax breaks. It would include a three-year, 30 percent equipment depreciation deduction and incentives aimed at

rebuilding the area around the World Trade Center in New York City. The bill also would lengthen the net operating loss carryback period by three years, extend a number of expiring tax provisions, and reauthorize the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families grant program. Motion agreed to 417-3.  
Vote: Yea

(77) HConRes 353: Fiscal 2003 Budget Resolution - Rule  
March 20, 2002 - Adoption of the resolution (H Res 372) to provide for House floor consideration of the concurrent resolution that would set broad spending and revenue targets over the next five years. Adopted 222-206.  
Vote: Yea

(79) HConRes 353: Fiscal 2003 Budget Resolution - Adoption  
March 20, 2002 - Adoption of the concurrent resolution that would set broad spending and revenue targets over the next five years. The Office of Management and Budget has estimated that the plan would produce a fiscal 2003 deficit of \$45.6 billion. The resolution would call for an increase in fiscal 2003 defense discretionary spending to \$392.8 billion, a 13 percent increase over the current level, that would include a \$10 billion anti-terrorism reserve account. The plan would call for an increase in non-defense discretionary spending to \$366.3 billion, a 1 percent increase over fiscal 2002. It also would provide \$37.7 billion for homeland security.  
Adopted 221-209.  
Vote: Yea

## BUSINESS, TRADE AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS

(14) HR 524: E-Commerce - Passage  
February 14, 2001 - Boehlert, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to help small and medium-sized manufacturers use electronic commerce. The bill would establish an advisory panel, a pilot program, and require the NIST to submit a plan to Congress on its progress and provide cost estimates. Motion agreed to 409-6.  
Vote: Yea

(22) HR 333: Bankruptcy Overhaul - Rule  
March 01, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 71) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would require debtors able to repay \$10,000 or 25 percent of their debts over five years to file under Chapter 13, which requires a reorganization of debts under a repayment plan, instead of seeking to discharge their debts under Chapter 7. Adopted 281-132.  
Vote: Yea

(23) HR 333: Bankruptcy Overhaul - Democratic Substitute  
March 01, 2001 - Jackson-Lee, D-Texas, substitute amendment that would allow debtors to deduct additional medical and child-care expenses before determining their eligibility for Chapter 7; expand the definition of family farmer; change the standards for calculating median income; and include debtor privacy provisions. Rejected 160-258.  
Vote: Nay

(24) HR 333: Bankruptcy Overhaul - Recommit  
March 01, 2001 - Conyers, D-Mich., motion to recommit the bill to the House Judiciary Committee with instructions to add language prohibiting the issuance of credit cards to individuals under age 21 unless child has independent means or a parent co-signs. Motion rejected 165-253.  
Vote: Nay

(25) HR 333: Bankruptcy Overhaul - Passage

March 01, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would require debtors able to repay \$10,000 or 25 percent of their debts over five years to file under Chapter 13, which requires a reorganization of debts under a repayment plan, instead of seeking to discharge their debts under Chapter 7. The bill would also make permanent Chapter 12 bankruptcy relief for farmers. Passed 306-108.  
Vote: Yea

(27) HR 727: Electric Bike Reclassification - Passage  
March 06, 2001 - Stearns, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would treat low-powered electric bikes as consumer products, the same as pedaled bicycles. Motion agreed to 401-1.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(48) HR 725: 'Made in America' Products - Passage  
March 14, 2001 - Stearns, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would direct the Commerce Department to establish a toll-free phone number to confirm that a product is "Made in America." Motion agreed to 407-3.  
Vote: Yea

(50) HR 327: Small Business Paperwork Reduction - Passage  
March 15, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would reduce small business paperwork by requiring federal agencies to increase efforts in this area, ordering the Office of Management and Budget to publish regulations in the Federal Register and on its website, appointing liaisons within agencies, and establishing an inter-agency task force. Passed 418-0.  
Vote: Yea

(60) HR 247: Mobile Home Shelters - Buy American  
March 22, 2001 - Traficant, D-Ohio, amendment that would express the sense of the Congress that federally-funded materials purchased for the construction of tornado and storm shelters should be American-made. Adopted 396-0.  
Vote: Yea

(140) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - American Steel Only  
May 23, 2001 - Traficant, D-Ohio, amendment that would express the sense of Congress that all construction resulting from the bill must use American-made steel and comply with the Buy America Act. Adopted 415-9.  
Vote: Yea

(163) HR 1088: SEC Fees and Salaries - Rule  
June 14, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 161) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would reduce Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) fees by \$14 billion over 10 years and allow for an increase in SEC employee compensation. Adopted 408-12.  
Vote: Yea

(164) HR 1088: SEC Fees and Salaries - Democratic Substitute  
June 14, 2001 - LaFalce, D-N.Y., substitute amendment that would reduce SEC securities transaction fees (Section 31 fees) at a cost of \$4.8 billion over 10 years. It also would provide for SEC employee compensation parity with other federal banking regulators. Rejected 126-299.  
Vote: Nay

(165) HR 1088: SEC Fees and Salaries - Passage  
June 14, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would reduce SEC fees by \$14 billion over 10 years and allow for an increase in SEC employee compensation. The measure would lower SEC fees for securities registrations and transactions, merger and tender offers, and single stock future assessments. It also would eliminate the Trust Indenture Act filing fee. The measure would require the agency to adjust registration and transaction fees annually after fiscal 2002 for changing market conditions. It also would change fees' budgetary treatment to record them as

"offsetting collections." A new demonstration project would allow the commission to raise employee pay and benefits to levels comparable with other federal bank regulatory agencies. Passed 404-22.  
Vote: Yea

(193) HR 2299: Fiscal 2002 Transportation Appropriations - Motor Carriers  
June 26, 2001 - Sabo, D-Minn., amendment that would bar funds to process Mexican motor carrier applications for authority to operate beyond current U.S. commercial zones near the U.S.-Mexico border. Adopted 285-143.  
Vote: Yea

(220) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Market Access Program  
July 11, 2001 - Royce, R-Calif., amendment that would bar federal funds from paying for any new allocations under the market access program or to pay for any staff salaries to award such allocations. Rejected 85-341.  
Vote: Yea

(247) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - WTO Proceedings  
July 18, 2001 - Waters, D-Calif., amendment that would prohibit the use of funds to start a World Trade Organization action challenging a law of a country not belonging to the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Rejected 123-306.  
Vote: Nay

(255) HJRes 50: China NTR Disapproval - Passage  
July 19, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to deny the President's request to provide "normal trade relations" (formerly known as "most-favored-nation" or MFN trade status) for items produced in China for the period July 2001 through July 2002. Rejected 169-259. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(260) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Export-Import Reduction  
July 24, 2001 - Visclosky, D-Ind., amendment that would reduce the Export-Import Bank's subsidy appropriation account by \$15 million and its administrative expenses funding by \$3 million. It would then increase by \$18 million the Child Survival and Health Programs Fund, \$13 million of which would go toward HIV/AIDS funding and \$5 million toward vulnerable-children programs. Adopted 258-162.  
Vote: Nay

(261) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Export-Import Elimination  
July 24, 2001 - Paul, R-Texas, amendment that would eliminate the subsidy appropriation account for the Export-Import Bank. Rejected 47-375.  
Vote: Nay

(270) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Cuba Travel  
July 25, 2001 - Flake, R-Ariz., substitute amendment to the Smith, R-N.J., amendment. The Flake amendment would prohibit the use of funds to enforce travel restrictions on U.S. citizens to Cuba. The Smith amendment would make the same prohibition but would go into effect only after the President has certified to Congress that Cuba has released all political prisoners and has returned to the U.S. government all individuals sought by it on charges of air piracy, drug trafficking and murder. Adopted 240-186. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position. Subsequently, the Smith amendment was adopted by voice vote.  
Vote: Yea

(271) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Cuba Embargo  
July 25, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., amendment that would prohibit the use of funds to carry out the economic embargo of Cuba. Rejected 201-227. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(275) HJRes 55: Vietnam Trade - Passage  
July 26, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to disapprove the Presidential waiver that allows U.S. trade credits and guarantees for companies that do business with Vietnam through July 2, 2002. Rejected 91-324. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(364) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Buy American  
October 03, 2001 - Traficant, D-Ohio, amendment that would limit the bill's funding to those persons and entities abiding by the Buy America Act. Adopted 418-5.  
Vote: Yea

(427) HR 1408: Anti-Financial Fraud - Passage  
November 06, 2001 - Bachus, R-Ala., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would require federal, state and private financial regulators to network their computer databases and share additional information aimed at preventing fraudulent activities. It also would allow the FBI to conduct background checks on individuals seeking insurance and other financial services licenses. Motion agreed to 392-4.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(432) HConRes 262: Trade Protection - Adoption  
November 07, 2001 - English, R-Pa., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress that President Bush should maintain the U.S. ability to strictly enforce its trade laws at World Trade Organization negotiations including those in Doha, Qatar, and resist agreements that would reduce fair trade regulations. Motion agreed to 410-4.  
Vote: Yea

(446) HR 3009: Andean Duty-Free Products - Rule  
November 16, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 289) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would extend through 2006 the Andean Trade Preference Act, which would grant duty-free status to about 6,000 products from Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru, and would eliminate tariffs on some currently exempted goods such as tuna, petroleum products, footwear and sugar. The bill also would amend the Africa and Caribbean Basin trade law to clarify that "knit-to-shape" products would be eligible for duty-free status and to double the limit on duty-free apparel manufactured in Africa from regional fabric made with regional yarn. Adopted 225-191.  
Vote: Yea

(447) HR 3009: Andean Duty-Free Products - Recommit  
November 16, 2001 - Spratt, D-S.C., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to strike all the bill's language after the enacting clause and insert a new section stating that no duty-free status would remain in effect after Dec. 31, 2006. Motion rejected 168-250. Subsequently, the bill passed by voice vote.  
Vote: Nay

(453) HR 2722: Conflict Diamonds - Passage  
November 28, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow the President to ban imports of rough diamonds if exporting countries fail to take effective measures to halt the conflict diamond trade and to ban imports of polished diamonds and jewelry if he believes they were produced with conflict diamonds. It would allow for penalties for violators, call for reports on the conflict diamond trade and measures taken to stem it, and authorize \$5 million in fiscal 2002 and 2003 for assistance to countries implementing new measures under the bill. Motion agreed to 408-6.  
Vote: Yea

(477) HR 3008: Trade Assistance Expansion - Passage  
December 06, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would reauthorize and extend the Trade

Adjustment Assistance program through Sept. 30, 2003. The bill would expand to two years the length of direct benefit payments to workers laid off as a result of trade policies. It also would authorize \$2 billion in fiscal 2002 and 2003 to extend unemployment benefits to those laid off as a result of the Sept. 11 terror attacks. Motion agreed to 420-3.  
Vote: Yea

(478) HR 3129: Customs Service Authorization - Passage  
December 06, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize \$5 billion through fiscal 2003 for the activities of the U.S. Customs Service, an 18 percent increase over fiscal 2001. The bill includes provisions that would allow officers to be paid bonuses only for the hours they work at night, authorize \$90 million for anti-terrorist and anti-drug equipment along U.S. borders, provide immunity from liability to officers who conduct personal searches in good faith, and expand anti-terrorist searches of outbound mail. It also would authorize \$9.5 million to the Customs Service to counter illegal transshipments of textile products and \$1.3 million to help sub-Saharan African countries do the same. Motion rejected 256-168.  
Vote: Yea

(479) HR 3005: Trade Promotion Authority - Rule  
December 06, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 306) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would allow expedited negotiation and implementation of trade agreements between the executive branch and foreign countries. Adopted 224-202.  
Vote: Yea

(480) HR 3005: Trade Promotion Authority - Recommit  
December 06, 2001 - Rangel, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to strike all the bill's language after the enacting clause and insert new text that would require the President, when negotiating trade agreements, to insist on binding provisions requiring countries to implement five international labor standards, strengthen environmental and health and safety provisions, and establish a system of biennial reviews by Congress of trade negotiating authority. Motion rejected 162-267.  
Vote: Nay

(481) HR 3005: Trade Promotion Authority - Passage

December 06, 2001 - Passage of the bill to allow expedited negotiation and implementation of trade agreements between the executive branch and foreign countries. The bill includes provisions that would require increased consultations with Congress on any proposed changes of tariffs for imports of

sensitive agriculture products and on trade disparities for textile products. Passed 215-214. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(42) HR 1542: High Speed Internet Access - Rule  
February 27, 2002 - Adoption of the resolution (H Res 350) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would allow the four regional Bell telephone companies to enter the high-speed Internet access market through their long-distance connections even if they haven't allowed competitors into their local markets as required under the 1996 Telecommunications Act. Adopted 282-142.  
Vote: Nay

(43) HR 1542: High Speed Internet Access - Higher Penalties  
February 27, 2002 - Upton, R-Mich., amendment that would raise the amount in penalties the Federal Communications Commission could charge the Bells and other telephone companies for violating the 1996 Telecommunications Act. It would raise the maximum fine from \$120,000 to \$1 million per day per violation and increase the penalty from \$1.2 million to \$10 million for continuing violations. It also would increase the FCC's ability to enforce the telecommunications law by doubling to two years the statute of limitations and giving the agency "cease and desist" powers. Adopted 421-7.  
Vote: Yea

(45) HR 1542: High Speed Internet Access - Passage

February 27, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would permit the four regional Bell telephone companies to enter the high-speed Internet access market through their long-distance connections even if they haven't yet allowed competitors into their local markets as required under the 1996 Telecommunications Act. They would have to provide the Justice Department 30 days notification before offering broadband services. The Bells would have five years to upgrade their broadband services. The bill would allow the telephone companies to raise the fees they charge competitors for lines upgraded for broadband services from "wholesale rates" to "just and reasonable rates." It also would give competitors access to certain rights-of-way for broadband access but allow the Bells to charge for it. The phone companies' high speed services would be exempted from regulation by the states, but certain FCC regulatory oversight would be maintained. Passed 273-157.  
Vote: Nay

(67) HR 2509: Foreign Currency Production - Passage  
March 19, 2002 - Bereuter, R-Neb., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow the Treasury Department to produce

another country's currency, stamps and other security documents if that country pays the printing costs and the State Department determines the production is consistent with U.S. foreign policy. Motion agreed to 403-11.  
Vote: Missed Vote

## CONGRESS AND FEDERAL ELECTIONS

(2) Election of the Speaker  
January 03, 2001 - Nomination of J. Dennis Hastert, R-Ill., for Speaker of the House of Representatives for the 107th Congress. Rep. J. Dennis Hastert, R-Ill., elected Speaker of the House 222-207.  
Vote: Hastert

(3) HRes 5: House Rules - Motion to Recommit  
January 03, 2001 - Moakley, D-Mass., motion to recommit the resolution to set the rules for the 107th Congress to a select committee comprised of the majority and minority leader. Motion rejected 199-213.  
Vote: Nay

(4) HRes 5: House Rules - Adoption  
January 03, 2001 - Adoption of the resolution that would set the rules for the 107th Congress. The rules would create a Financial Services Committee to replace the existing Banking Committee and prohibit the inclusion of political arguments in motions to instruct conferees. Adopted 215-206.  
Vote: Yea

(6) HConRes 14: Holocaust Remembrance - Adoption  
January 31, 2001 - Ney, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution permitting the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony as part of the commemoration of the days of remembrance of victims of the Holocaust. Motion agreed to 407-0.  
Vote: Yea

(9) HJRes 7: Reagan's 90th Birthday - Adoption  
February 06, 2001 - Platts, R-Pa., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that extends best wishes and birthday greetings of the Congress to former President Ronald Reagan on his 90th birthday. Motion agreed to 410-0.  
Vote: Yea

(53) HConRes 43: Black Americans in Congress Report - Passage  
March 21, 2001 - Ney, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would authorize a revised edition of the House-printed biographical and historical report "Black Americans in Congress, 1870-1989." Motion agreed to 414-1.  
Vote: Yea

(62) HRes 84: House Committee Funding - Adoption  
March 27, 2001 - Adoption of the resolution that would provide \$203.5 million in the 107th Congress for 18 House standing committees and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence - \$20 million (11 percent) more than they received in the 106th. Total funding includes nearly \$99.7 million for these 19 committees in 2001 and \$103.8 million in 2002. (The Appropriations Committee is not covered by this resolution because it is funded separately through the legislative branch appropriations bill.) Adopted 357-61.  
Vote: Yea

(79) HConRes 66: Women in Congress Report - Adoption  
April 04, 2001 - Ney, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would authorize an updated version of the House report entitled "Women in Congress, 1917-1990." Motion agreed to 414-1.  
Vote: Yea

(157) HRes 97: Shirley Chisholm Tribute - Adoption  
June 12, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor the work and achievements of former Rep. Shirley Anita Chisholm, the first African-American woman to serve in Congress. Motion agreed to 415-0.  
Vote: Yea

(213) HConRes 174: Navajo Tribute - Adoption  
July 10, 2001 - Ney, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would allow the Capitol Rotunda to be used July 26, 2001, to present congressional gold medals to the original 29 Navajo Code Talkers. Motion agreed to 409-0.  
Vote: Yea

(228) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Rule  
July 12, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 188) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would ban "soft money" donations to national political parties but allow up to \$10,000 in soft-money donations to state and local parties for voter registration and get-out-the vote activity. The bill would prevent issue ads from targeting specific candidates within 60 days of a general election or 30 days of a primary. The bill also would maintain the current individual

contribution limit of \$1,000 per election for House candidates but raise it to \$2,000 for Senate candidates, both of which would be indexed for inflation. Rejected 203-228.  
Vote: Nay

(298) HR 2647: Fiscal 2002 Legislative Branch Appropriations - Passage  
July 31, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$2.2 billion in fiscal 2002 for legislative branch operations, \$95 million more than fiscal 2001. The bill would appropriate \$124 million for the Capitol Police and \$882 million for the House of Representatives. Passed 380-38.  
Vote: Yea

(372) HConRes 244: Flag Pamphlet - Adoption  
October 09, 2001 - Ney, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would authorize the printing of additional copies of the publication entitled "Our American Flag." Motion agreed to 412-0.  
Vote: Yea

(414) HR 2647: Fiscal 2002 Legislative Branch Appropriations - Rule  
October 31, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 273) to waive points of order and to provide for House floor consideration of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$2.98 billion for legislative branch operations in fiscal 2002. Adopted 423-0.  
Vote: Yea

(417) HR 2647: Fiscal 2002 Legislative Branch Appropriations - Conference Report  
November 01, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$2.98 billion for legislative branch operations in fiscal 2002. The bill would provide \$878 million for House operations and \$607 million for the Senate, as well as funding for other congressional agencies including the Capitol Police, the Architect of the Capitol, the Congressional Budget Office and the Library of Congress. The agreement would provide \$70 million for congressional office space at the planned Capitol Visitor Center. It also would include a 4.6 percent cost of living increase for congressional staff. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 374-52.  
Vote: Nay

(487) HR 3295: Election Overhaul - Rule  
December 12, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 311) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would overhaul the nation's election procedures, including authorizing \$400 million in one-time payments for states and counties to replace or upgrade punch card voting machines. Adopted 223-193.  
Vote: Nay

(488) HR 3295: Election Overhaul - Recommit  
December 12, 2001 - Menendez, D-N.J., motion to recommit the bill to the House Administration Committee with instructions to add language ensuring that Motor Voter Law provisions remain in place, securing provisional voting rights, mandating that within five years voting systems must provide increased opportunities for voters to correct ballot errors, and requiring that election guidelines be developed by the Department of Justice. Motion rejected 197-226.  
Vote: Yea

(489) HR 3295: Election Overhaul - Passage  
December 12, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would overhaul the nation's election procedures, including authorizing \$400 million in one-time payments for states and counties to replace or upgrade punch card voting machines. The bill also would authorize \$2.5 billion in federal funds to states over three years to improve the administration of elections, mandate minimum federal election standards and establish an Election Assistance Commission to serve as a clearinghouse for information and promulgate additional voluntary standards. Passed 362-63.  
Vote: Yea

(19) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Armev Substitute  
February 13, 2002 - Armev, R-Texas, substitute amendment that would ban all soft money contributions, including its use for get-out-the-vote and voter registration efforts. Rejected 179-249.  
Vote: Nay

(20) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Ney Substitute  
February 13, 2002 - Ney, R-Ohio, substitute amendment that would ban all soft money contributions and restrict issue advocacy communications. It would increase the individual aggregate contribution limit to \$30,000 annually and the amount that individuals could give to state political parties to \$10,000. House candidates who receive coordinated party contributions could spend only \$50,000 of their own money. Rejected 53-377.  
Vote: Nay

(21) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Shays-Meehan Substitute  
February 13, 2002 - Shays, R-Conn., substitute amendment that would ban, beginning Nov. 6, 2002, soft-money contributions to national political parties but allow up to \$10,000 in soft-money donations to state and local parties for voter registration and get-out-the vote activity. The bill would prevent issue ads from targeting specific candidates within 60 days of a general election or 30 days of a primary, also effective in 2002.

The bill would maintain the individual contribution limit of \$1,000 per election for House candidates but raise it beginning January 1, 2003, to \$2,000 for Senate candidates, both of which would be indexed for inflation. Adopted 240-191.  
Vote: Yea

(22) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Free Speech  
February 13, 2002 - Hyde, R-Ill., amendment that would state that no provisions in the bill could violate the First Amendment, including the right to free speech. Rejected 188-237.  
Vote: Nay

(23) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - TV Ad Rates  
February 13, 2002 - Green, D-Texas, amendment that would remove provisions offering candidates and parties just prior to an election the lowest recent rates charged private customers for television advertisements. Adopted 327-101.  
Vote: Nay

(24) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Bearing Arms Advocacy  
February 13, 2002 - Pickering, R-Miss., amendment that would exempt advertising restrictions in the bill when the content relates to advocacy on Second Amendment issues. Rejected 209-219.  
Vote: Nay

(25) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Civil Rights Advocacy  
February 13, 2002 - Watts, R-Okla., amendment that would exempt advertising restrictions in the bill when the content relates to advocacy on civil rights issues. Rejected 185-237.  
Vote: Nay

(26) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Veterans Advocacy  
February 13, 2002 - Johnson, R-Texas, amendment that would exempt advertising restrictions in the bill when the content relates to advocacy on veterans, military personnel, seniors or family issues. Rejected 200-228.  
Vote: Nay

(27) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Workers Advocacy  
February 13, 2002 - Combest, R-Texas, amendment that would exempt advertising restrictions in the bill when the content relates to workers, farmers and family issues. Rejected 191-237.  
Vote: Nay

(28) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Individual Contributions  
February 13, 2002 - Wamp, R-Tenn., amendment that would raise the individual contribution limit to House candidates from \$1,000 to \$2,000 per election. Approved 218-211.  
Vote: Yea

(29) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Comprehensive Ban  
February 13, 2002 - Emerson, R-Mo., amendment that would ban all forms of soft-money donations. Rejected 185-244.  
Vote: Nay

(30) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Non-Citizen Donors  
February 13, 2002 - Wicker, R-Miss., amendment that would ban non-U.S. citizens from giving to federal campaigns. Rejected 160-268.  
Vote: Nay

(31) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Effective Date  
February 14, 2002 - Reynolds, R-N.Y., amendment that would make the bill's provisions effective beginning Feb. 14, 2002. Rejected 190-238.  
Vote: Nay

(32) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Building Funds  
February 14, 2002 - Kingston, R-Ga., amendment that would ban the national parties from spending certain funds to defray construction costs for office buildings. Adopted 232-196.  
Vote: Nay

(33) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Ney-Wynn Substitute  
February 14, 2002 - Ney, R-Ohio, amendment that would cap soft-money donations at \$75,000 per year to national political parties but allow the money to go to multiple party organizations, with each one receiving up to \$20,000. Soft-money expenditures would be limited to certain activities such as voter registration. It would raise the aggregate annual individual limit to candidates, parties and PACs from \$25,000 to \$37,500. It also would put new disclosure requirements on certain broadcast advertisements. Rejected 181-248.  
Vote: Nay

(34) HR 2356: Campaign Finance Overhaul - Passage  
February 14, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would ban "soft money" donations to national political parties but allow up to \$10,000 in soft-money donations to state and local parties for voter registration and get-out-the vote activity. The bill would prevent issue ads from targeting specific candidates within 60 days of a general election or 30 days of a primary. The bill also would increase the individual contribution limit from \$1,000 to \$2,000 per election for House and Senate candidates, both of which would be indexed for inflation. Passed 240-189.  
Vote: Yea

(47) HConRes 305: Reagan Award - Adoption  
March 05, 2002 - Linder, R-Ga., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would allow the use of the U.S. Capitol Rotunda for a congressional gold medal awards ceremony for former President Ronald Reagan and Nancy Reagan. Motion agreed to 392-0.  
Vote: Yea

## CRIME, DRUGS AND JUDICIAL AFFAIRS

(49) HR 861: Arbitration Language Correction - Passage  
March 14, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would correct minor grammatical errors in Title 9, Section 10 of the U.S. Code, related to federal court arbitration proceedings. Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(59) HR 802: Law Enforcement Medals - Passage  
March 22, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize the President to award a Medal of Valor to five public safety officers annually who perform acts above and beyond the call of duty. Motion agreed to 414-0.  
Vote: Yea

(110) HRes 116: Law Officer Tribute - Adoption  
May 15, 2001 - Otter, R-Idaho, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor law enforcement officers killed or disabled in the line of duty, express the sense of the House in favor of establishing a Peace Officers Memorial Day, and express the sense of the House that all law officers killed in the line of duty should be honored and recognized. Motion agreed to 416-0.  
Vote: Yea

(111) HR 1727: Police Survivor Benefits - Passage  
May 15, 2001 - Ramstad, R-Minn., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend tax-exempt status to annuities paid to survivors of public safety officers killed in the line of duty before Dec. 31, 1996, the same benefit given to survivors of officers killed after that date. The bill would cost \$46 million over 10 years. Motion agreed to 419-0.  
Vote: Yea

(173) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Anti-Drug Efforts  
June 20, 2001 - Obey, D-Wis., amendment that would increase by \$30.5 million the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas program. Rejected 212-216.  
Vote: Nay

(198) HR 2133: Brown Decision - Passage  
June 27, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize a total \$250,000 in funding over fiscal 2003 and fiscal 2004 to establish a commission to help commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Supreme Court's decision in *Brown v. Board of Education*. Motion agreed to 414-2.  
Vote: Yea

(231) HJRes 36: Flag Desecration - Watt Substitute  
July 17, 2001 - Watt, D-N.C., substitute amendment to declare that Congress shall have the power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States, but only in a manner consistent with the First Amendment Constitution. Rejected 100-324.  
Vote: Nay

(232) HJRes 36: Flag Desecration - Passage  
July 17, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution to propose a Constitutional amendment to state that Congress shall have the power to prohibit the physical desecration of the flag of the United States. Passed 298-125. A two-thirds majority vote of those present and voting (282 in this case) is required to pass a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution.  
Vote: Nay

(233) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Lab Seizures  
July 17, 2001 - Lucas, R-Okla., amendment that would increase by \$11.7 million the Community Oriented Policing Services' methamphetamine lab seizures program, offset by a cut in funding for international broadcasting operations. Rejected 187-227.  
Vote: Nay

(234) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Economic Development  
July 17, 2001 - Hinchey, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$73 million the Economic Development Administration and reduce prison construction funding by the same amount. Rejected 172-244.  
Vote: Nay

(244) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Background Checks  
July 18, 2001 - Moran, D-Va., amendment that would prohibit the use of funds to destroy national instant criminal background check system records within 90 days of their creation. Rejected 161-268.  
Vote: Yea

(248) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Passage  
July 18, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$41.5 billion for the Departments of Commerce, Justice and State and the federal judiciary and related agencies in fiscal 2002, four percent more than fiscal 2001. Passed 408-19.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(257) HR 2137: Criminal Law Changes - Passage  
July 23, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would make over 60 technical changes to various criminal statutes, including the correction of grammatical, punctuation and other clerical errors. Motion agreed to 374-0.  
Vote: Yea

(333) HR 2291: Anti-Drug Efforts - Passage  
September 05, 2001 - Souder, R-Ind., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize \$414 million in grant funding to extend through fiscal 2007 the Drug-Free Communities Support Program. It would allow local anti-drug coalitions to receive funding beyond their original five-year grants, fund mentoring efforts between established and new coalitions, authorize the establishment of an institute to train and assess coalitions, and cap the program's administrative costs at six percent of its annual funding. Motion agreed to 402-1.  
Vote: Yea

(437) HR 2541: State Department Agents - Passage  
November 13, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would increase the law enforcement powers of State Department special agents including expanding their ability to execute search warrants and subpoenas, to make arrests without warrants, and to protect all individuals falling under their jurisdiction. Motion agreed to 410-0.  
Vote: Yea

(438) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Conference Report  
November 14, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$41.5 billion for the Departments of Commerce, Justice and State and the federal

judiciary and related agencies in fiscal 2002, \$1.9 billion more than fiscal 2001. The agreement would give \$12 million to the FBI to combat domestic chemical, biological and nuclear attacks. It also would impose an additional \$1 fee on international air travelers to pay for INS screening and a new \$3 fee on cruise ship passengers. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 411-15.  
Vote: Yea

(9) S 1888: Olympic Trademarks - Passage

February 06, 2002 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would correct an error in title 36 of the U.S. Code to protect Olympic trademarks. Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(56) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Discovery Documents  
March 13, 2002 - Waters, D-Calif., amendment that would mandate that anyone found to have withheld or shredded documents that are required to be handed over through a discovery motion in a class action lawsuit would be found to have admitted to the facts of that motion. Rejected 174-251.  
Vote: Nay

(57) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Prosecutors' Suits  
March 13, 2002 - Lofgren, D-Calif., amendment that would allow actions brought on behalf of the general public, including civil suits by local prosecutors, to be moved to federal court. It would maintain local prosecutors' authority to enforce consumer and antitrust laws. Rejected 194-231.  
Vote: Nay

(58) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Companies' Venues  
March 13, 2002 - Conyers, D-Mich., amendment that would prevent a company from being able to move a case from state to federal court by incorporating a new company abroad and acquiring the original company. Rejected 202-223.  
Vote: Nay

(59) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Evidence Destruction  
March 13, 2002 - Jackson-Lee, D-Texas, amendment that would block a party in a class action suit from moving the case's venue to federal court if that party destroys, falsifies or similarly alters material evidence. Rejected 177-248.  
Vote: Nay

(60) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Non-Certified Cases  
March 13, 2002 - Frank, D-Mass., amendment that would state that suits not certified as class actions subject to a federal court's jurisdiction could then be tried in state court. The case would not later be subject to removal to

federal court unless it meets current law party diversity standards. Rejected 191-234.  
Vote: Nay

(61) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Recommit  
March 13, 2002 - Sandlin, D-Texas, motion to recommit the bill to the House Judiciary Committee with instructions to add language that would block defendants who have knowingly committed a terrorist act from moving a class action suit to federal court. Motion rejected 191-235.  
Vote: Nay

(62) HR 2341: Class Action Lawsuits - Passage  
March 13, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would give federal courts original jurisdiction over class action lawsuits in which any of the plaintiffs or defendants are from different states or from another country and the total damages sought are more than \$2 million. It also contains several provisions related to settlements, including one that would require the court to determine that an award is "fair, reasonable, and adequate" prior to approving any non-cash benefits. Passed 233-190.  
Vote: Yea

(63) HR 2146: Repeat Child Sex Offenders - Impact Study  
March 14, 2002 - Conyers, D-Mich., amendment that would require a federal judge imposing a mandatory life sentence under the law to provide certain information to the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, including the range of possible sentences that otherwise would have applied, the actual sentence that would have been imposed, and the race, gender, age and ethnicity of both the victim and the defendant in the case. Adopted 259-161.  
Vote: Yea

(64) HR 2146: Repeat Child Sex Offenders - Passage  
March 14, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would impose a mandatory life prison sentence on anyone convicted of repeating any of seven specific sexual offenses against a child on federal property. Passed 382-34.  
Vote: Yea

## DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY

(16) HConRes 39: Iraqi Missile Victims' Tribute - Passage  
February 27, 2001 - Weldon, R-Pa., motion to suspend the rules and pass the resolution honoring 28 U.S. soldiers killed in a 1991 Iraqi missile attack, stating that the United States does not have adequate missile defense and supporting "appropriate and effective" Theater Missile Defense Programs. Motion agreed to 395-0.  
Vote: Yea

(58) HR 1099: Coast Guard Changes - Passage  
March 22, 2001 - LoBiondo, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize safety, personnel, and other changes in the U.S. Coast Guard. The measure would increase civil penalties against negligent vessel operators and increase funding for oil spill cleanup. It also would authorize more vessels for immigration and anti-drug patrols and require advance notice for vessels entering U.S. waters. Motion agreed to 415-0.  
Vote: Yea

(155) HR 1699: Coast Guard Authorization - Passage  
June 07, 2001 - Passage of the bill to authorize \$5.3 billion in fiscal 2002 for Coast Guard programs and activities, including \$3.7 billion for operation and maintenance and \$659 million for facilities, vessels and other equipment. Passed 411-3.  
Vote: Yea

(167) HConRes 154: National Guard Tribute - Adoption  
June 19, 2001 - Thornberry, R-Texas, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to Army National Guard combat units in Bosnia. It also recognizes the importance of all National Guard and Reserve units to U.S. security and honors their employers and families. Motion agreed to 417-0.  
Vote: Yea

(172) HR 2216: Fiscal 2001 Supplemental Appropriations - Air Force Operations  
June 20, 2001 - DeFazio, D-Ore., amendment that would cut by \$24.5 million the Air Force operation and maintenance account. Rejected 50-376.  
Vote: Yea

(230) HRes 195: Missile Test - Adoption  
July 17, 2001 - Hunter, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor the U.S. military and defense contractors for its successful July 14, 2001, missile interceptor test. Motion agreed to 321-77.  
Vote: Yea

(344) HR 2904: Fiscal 2002 Military Construction Appropriations - Passage  
September 21, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would provide \$10.5 billion for military construction projects including the building of barracks, family housing, and medical facilities for fiscal 2002, almost \$1.6 billion more than the current level. The bill includes \$553 million to cover costs of prior base closures. It also includes funds for child care centers, environmental clean up at closed military facilities, and the U.S. contribution to North Atlantic Treaty Organization security efforts. Passed 401-0.  
Vote: Yea

(358) HR 2586: Fiscal 2002 Defense Authorization - Recommit  
September 25, 2001 - Bonior, D-Mich., motion to recommit the bill to the House Armed Services Committee with instructions to strike section 331 and restore committee language regarding a Department of Defense cost-savings requirement for contracts with private companies. Motion rejected 197-221.  
Vote: Nay

(359) HR 2586: Fiscal 2002 Defense Authorization - Passage  
September 25, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would authorize \$343.2 billion for defense programs, 10 percent more than the current level. It would provide \$125 billion for operations and maintenance, \$82.3 billion for military personnel, \$62 billion for weapons procurement, \$47.7 billion for research and development, \$13.4 billion for the Energy Department, and \$10.3 billion for military construction and family housing. The bill also would authorize \$8.2 billion for national missile defense programs. Passed 398-17.  
Vote: Yea

(362) HR 2904: Fiscal 2002 Military Construction - Motion to Instruct  
October 02, 2001 - Olver, D-Mass., motion to instruct House conferees to insist on the House position on all items of the House-passed bill that would provide \$10.5 billion for military construction projects, including the building of barracks, family housing, and medical facilities for fiscal 2002. Motion agreed to 417-1.  
Vote: Yea

(394) HR 2904: Fiscal 2002 Military Construction Appropriations - Conference Report  
October 17, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$10.5 billion in fiscal 2002 for military construction projects, including the building of barracks, family housing, and medical facilities. The agreement would include \$4.1 billion for family housing, \$633 million to carry out previous base closing programs, \$625 million for environmental cleanup, and \$163 million for the U.S. contribution to North Atlantic Treaty Organization construction efforts. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 409-1.  
Vote: Yea

(454) HR 3338: Fiscal 2002 Defense Appropriations - Rule  
November 28, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 296) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would provide \$317.5 billion for the Defense Department for fiscal 2002, about \$20 billion more than fiscal 2001. Adopted 216-211.  
Vote: Yea

(458) HR 3338: Fiscal 2002 Defense Appropriations - Passage  
November 28, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would provide \$317.5 billion for the Defense Department for fiscal 2002, about \$20 billion more than fiscal 2001. The bill would include \$7.9 billion for ballistic missile defense, \$1.7 billion for a new counter-terrorism program, and a 4.6 percent pay increase for military personnel. It also would allocate \$20 billion in funding appropriated by the emergency supplemental spending package enacted after the Sept. 11 terror attacks, including \$7.3 billion for defense. Passed 406-20.  
Vote: Yea

(496) S 1438: Fiscal 2002 Defense Authorization - Conference Report  
December 13, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would authorize \$343.2 billion for defense programs, 10 percent more than the current level. It would provide \$125 billion for operations and maintenance, \$82.3 billion for military personnel, \$62 billion for weapons procurement, \$47.8 billion for research and development, \$14.4 billion for the Energy Department, and \$10.5 billion for military construction and family housing. The agreement also would authorize \$8.3 billion for national missile defense programs and allow an additional round of base realignments and closures in 2005. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 382-40.  
Vote: Yea

(510) HR 3338: Fiscal 2002 Defense Appropriations - Conference Report  
December 20, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$317.5 billion for the Defense Department for fiscal 2002, about \$19 billion more than fiscal 2001. The agreement would include \$7.8 billion for ballistic missile defense, \$881 million for a new counter-terrorism program, and a 4.6 percent pay increase for military personnel. It also would allocate \$20 billion in funding appropriated by the emergency supplemental spending package enacted after the Sept. 11 terror attacks, including \$8.3 billion for homeland defense, \$8.2 billion for New York City and other areas directly affected by the attacks, and \$3.5 billion in additional defense funds. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 408-6.  
Vote: Yea

(50) SJRes 32: West Point Tribute - Passage  
March 06, 2002 - McHugh, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and pass the resolution that would pay tribute to the U.S. Military Academy on its 200th birthday. Motion agreed to 407-1.  
Vote: Yea

## EDUCATION

(10) HRes 28: Catholic Schools - Adoption  
February 06, 2001 - Tiberi, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution expressing House support for the goals of Catholic Schools Week and congratulating Catholic schools, students, parents and teachers for their contributions to education. Motion agreed to 412-0.  
Vote: Yea

(76) HR 768: Student Grant Information - Passage  
April 03, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow financial aid officers of private universities to collectively discuss need-based grant information, including student award formulas. Motion agreed to 414-0.  
Vote: Yea

(91) HConRes 95: Charter School Awareness - Adoption  
May 01, 2001 - Keller, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would express the sense of Congress in support of establishing a National Charter Schools Week. The resolution would urge President Bush to call on U.S. citizens to support charter schools and would recognize the schools' contributions to the nation's educational system. Motion agreed to 404-6.  
Vote: Yea

(125) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Rule  
May 17, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 143) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would reauthorize the Elementary and Secondary Education Act for five years and consolidate or eliminate 34 programs. Adopted 219-201.  
Vote: Yea

(128) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Student CPR Training  
May 22, 2001 - Capps, D-Calif., amendment that would allow schools to use Title IV funding to provide CPR training and cardiac health education to students. Adopted 421-2.  
Vote: Yea

(129) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Education Spending  
May 22, 2001 - Graves, R-Mo., amendment that would express the sense of Congress that 95 percent of all federal education funds should be spent by school districts directly on improving the educational performance of students. Adopted 422-0.  
Vote: Yea

(130) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Testing Requirement  
May 22, 2001 - Hoekstra, R-Mich., amendment that would strike provisions mandating state reading and math tests for students in grades 3 through 8. The amendment would retain current law that requires states to test students in all subjects in which states have developed standards. Rejected 173-255. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(131) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Resource Officer Funding  
May 22, 2001 - Dunn, R-Wash., amendment that would allow local educators to use more federal funds to hire school resource officers. Adopted 420-3.  
Vote: Yea

(132) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - 100 School Vouchers  
May 22, 2001 - Tiberi, R-Ohio, amendment that would allow up to 100 school districts to apply for education block grants in exchange for improving students' academic

performance. Only two districts from each state could apply for the grants. Adopted 217-209.  
Vote: Yea

(133) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Military Recruitment Visits  
May 22, 2001 - Vitter, R-La., amendment that would require secondary schools receiving federal funding to allow military recruiting visits on school grounds. Adopted 366-57.  
Vote: Yea

(135) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - School Vouchers  
May 23, 2001 - Armev, R-Texas, amendment that would provide federal funding for students who attend either a school that has been low-performing for three years or a dangerous school to attend private schools, including religious schools. Crime victims also would be provided funding for another school. Rejected 155-273. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(136) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Pilot School Choice Program  
May 23, 2001 - Armev, R-Texas, amendment that would authorize \$50 million for five school choice demonstration projects to fund low income students' attendance at private or public schools. Rejected 186-241.  
Vote: Yea

(137) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - 75 Percent Funding Shift  
May 23, 2001 - Hoekstra, R-Mich., amendment that would increase the amount of federal funding school districts would be allowed to transfer between programs from 50 percent to 75 percent. The states would have to approve the transfers. Rejected 191-236.  
Vote: Yea

(138) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Disabled Student Discipline  
May 23, 2001 - Norwood, R-Ga., amendment that would require states to mandate school district policies allowing school personnel to discipline disabled students that carry weapons in school, possess, use, or sell drugs or assault other students in the same way they discipline non-disabled students. Disabled students would be allowed to avoid sanctions if they could demonstrate the offense occurred out of innocence or ignorance. Continuing education services would no longer have to be provided to unruly disabled students unless those same services were also provided for other students. Adopted 246-181.  
Vote: Yea

(139) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - School Improvement Reports  
May 23, 2001 - Stearns, R-Fla., amendment that would require state education departments to submit annual reports on how their troubled schools are being improved. Adopted 361-67.  
Vote: Yea

(141) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Immunity For Discipline  
May 23, 2001 - Brady, R-Texas, amendment that would provide more extensive immunity from lawsuits for school officials that engage in reasonable actions to maintain order. Adopted 239-189.  
Vote: Yea

(142) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Tax Base Assistance  
May 23, 2001 - Kirk, R-Ill., amendment that would express the sense of Congress that the Senate, House and Bush administration should work together to provide more assistance to school districts with a small tax base because of a large federal presence. Adopted 425-3.  
Vote: Yea

(143) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Reduced Funding  
May 23, 2001 - Cox, R-Calif., amendment that would reduce the overall funding level in the bill from \$22.8 billion to \$20.5 billion for fiscal 2002. Maximum funding levels in each subsequent year would not be allowed to exceed a 3.5 percent increase over the previous year's funding. Rejected 101-326.  
Vote: Nay

(144) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Recommit  
May 23, 2001 - Owens, D-N.Y., motion to recommit the bill to the House Education and the Workforce Committee with instructions to amend the bill to include certain school construction and class size reduction measures. Motion rejected 207-223. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(145) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Passage  
May 23, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would authorize \$22.8 billion in education funding, which is a 29 percent increase from fiscal 2001. The centerpiece of the bill would require states to test elementary and junior high students in math and reading each year. The bill also would authorize funding for disadvantaged students to meet higher standards, professional development for teachers, funding to states for innovative strategies, safe and drug free schools programs and education technology programs. Passed 384-45. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(237) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Agree to Conference  
July 18, 2001 - Boehner, R-Ohio, motion that the House disagree to the Senate amendment and agree to a conference on the bill that would authorize \$22.8 billion in education funding, a 29 percent increase from fiscal 2001. Motion agreed to 424-5.  
Vote: Yea

(238) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Motion to Instruct  
July 18, 2001 - Boehner, R-Ohio, motion to instruct House conferees to agree to provide full funding for part B of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) to provide a free, appropriate education for children with disabilities. The instructions also would call for ensuring that the on-budget surplus is not less than the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund surplus. Motion agreed to 296-126.  
Vote: Yea

(374) HR 1992: Internet Education - Democratic Substitute  
October 10, 2001 - Mink, D-Hawaii, amendment that would eliminate the bill's provisions changing a 12-hour requirement of regular instruction or examination for every week of participation in a non-traditional program and those easing current prohibitions on incentive payments to individuals recruiting students. Rejected 99-327.  
Vote: Nay

(375) HR 1992: Internet Education - Passage  
October 10, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would aim to promote education over the Internet by allowing eligible institutions of higher education to offer more than half their courses through telecommunications, and allowing more than half their students to take those courses, and still receive federal financial aid funding. The bill would replace a requirement that at least 12 hours of regular instruction or examination must accompany each week of participation in a non-traditional program. Instead, only one day per week would be required. It also would ease a prohibition on incentive payments to individuals recruiting students. Passed 354-70.  
Vote: Yea

(377) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - More Disability Funds  
October 11, 2001 - Schaffer, R-Colo., amendment that would add \$1.1 billion to the IDEA and offset it with reductions from various other education programs. Rejected 76-349.  
Vote: Nay

(381) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - Passage  
October 11, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$123.1 billion in discretionary spending for the Labor, Health and Human Services and Education departments and related agencies, \$11.2 billion more than the fiscal 2001 level. The bill would include \$49.3 billion in total discretionary education funding. It also would appropriate \$393 million for countering bioterrorism,

provide funds for President Bush's annual school testing requirements and include some money for faith-based social programs. Passed 373-43.  
Vote: Yea

(395) HR 3086: Student Loan Aid - Passage  
October 23, 2001 - McKeon, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow the Secretary of Education to waive or change through 2003 the regulatory and administrative requirements of federal student financial aid programs to help students directly affected by the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. It also would express the sense of Congress that postsecondary schools should refund the educational expenses of students who are unable to finish their classes because of their service in the U.S. military. Motion agreed to 415-0.  
Vote: Yea

(426) HR 768: Student Grant Information - Adoption  
November 06, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the Senate amendments to the bill that would allow financial aid officers of private universities to collectively discuss need-based grant information, including student award formulas, for seven years without violating anti-trust laws. It also would require a General Accounting Office study on the exemption's overall impact on undergraduate aid. Motion agreed to 400-0.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(435) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - Motion to Instruct  
November 08, 2001 - Obey, D-Wis., motion to instruct House conferees to insist on the House's position to provide at least \$51.7 billion for the Department of Education. Motion agreed to 367-48.  
Vote: Yea

(497) HR 1: ESEA Reauthorization - Conference Report

December 13, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would overhaul education proposals to increase school accountability and reauthorize the Elementary and Secondary Education Act for six years. The agreement would require states to annually test students in reading and math in grades three through eight, provide new accountability measures for schools that fail to make adequate yearly progress, and give schools greater flexibility to spend federal funds. It would include about \$26.3 billion for federal elementary and secondary education programs and \$13.5 billion for Title I programs for disadvantaged children in fiscal 2002. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 381-41.  
Vote: Yea

(504) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - Conference Report  
December 19, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$124.3 billion in discretionary spending for the Labor, Health and Human Services and Education departments and related agencies. The agreement would include \$12.3 billion for the disadvantaged children's Title I program. It also would fund the education overhaul bill (HR 1), including money for teacher improvement, annual state testing and the Reader First program. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 393-30.  
Vote: Yea

(512) S 1762: Student Loan Formulas - Passage  
December 20, 2001 - Boehner, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would make permanent the federal government's current formula for determining its contribution to the federal student loan program and prevent a change to the formula scheduled to go into effect July 1, 2003. It also would maintain the current formula for determining loan interest rates until July 1, 2006. After that date, the bill would set a fixed rate of 6.8 percent for students' loans and 7.9 percent for parents' loans. Motion rejected 257-148. A two-thirds majority of those present and voting (270 in this case) is required for passage under suspension of the rules.  
Vote: Yea

(4) S 1762: Student Loan Formulas - Passage  
January 24, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would make permanent the federal government's current formula for determining its contribution to the federal student loan program and prevent a change to the formula scheduled to go into effect July 1, 2003. It also would maintain the current formula for determining loan interest rates until July 1, 2006. After that date, the bill would set a fixed rate of 6.8 percent for students' loans and 7.9 percent for parents' loans. Passed (thus cleared for the President) 372-3.  
Vote: Yea

(5) HRes 335: Catholic School - Adoption  
January 29, 2002 - Tiberi, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to Catholic schools. Motion agreed to 388-0.  
Vote: Yea

## ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(20) HConRes 27: National Institute of Standards and Technology Tribute - Adoption  
February 28, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor the National Institute of Standards and Technology for 100 years of service. Motion agreed to 413-1.  
Vote: Yea

(26) HR 724: Oil Reserve Authorization Correction - Passage  
March 06, 2001 - Bass, R-N.H., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would correct an error in legislation signed into law last year that reauthorized the President's authority to draw on the nation's oil reserves for emergencies through March 2003. Motion agreed to 400-2.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(46) HR 834: National Trails Purchasing Power - Passage  
March 13, 2001 - Hansen, R-Utah, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize federal agencies to purchase private property along nine national trail routes from owners willing to sell. Motion agreed to 409-3.  
Vote: Yea

(47) HR 223: Clear Creek Land Sale - Passage  
March 13, 2001 - Hansen, R-Utah, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend for six years the time Clear Creek County, Colo., officials have to finish selling 7,300 acres of former Bureau of Land Management property. Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(54) HR 1042: Science Reports Preservation - Passage  
March 21, 2001 - Grucci, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would exempt 29 reports to be submitted to the House Science Committee from elimination by the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995. Motion agreed to 414-2.  
Vote: Yea

(81) HR 642: Chesapeake Bay Office Reauthorization - Passage  
April 04, 2001 - Gilchrest, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would reauthorize the Chesapeake Bay office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric

Administration; authorize \$6 million for its operation annually through fiscal 2006; establish a small-grants restoration program; and call for a five-year study of the bay's ecosystem. Motion agreed to 406-13.  
Vote: Yea

(134) HR 1831: Small Polluter Protection - Passage  
May 22, 2001 - Gillmor, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would protect businesses that contributed small amounts of hazardous waste or ordinary garbage to a superfund site from EPA action and from lawsuits filed by third parties. Motion agreed to 419-0.  
Vote: Yea

(156) HR 700: Asian Elephants - Passage  
June 12, 2001 - Gilchrest, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would reauthorize through fiscal 2007 the Asian Elephant Conservation Act, which calls for up to \$5 million annually in appropriations to the Interior Department's Multi-National Species Conservation Fund to conserve Asian elephants. Motion agreed to 401-15.  
Vote: Yea

(159) HR 1157: Salmon Restocking - Passage  
June 13, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would authorize \$200 million annually through fiscal 2004 to the states and Indian tribes of Alaska, California, Idaho, Oregon and Washington for salmon conservation and restoration projects. It would require states and localities to offer matching funds to receive federal assistance. Passed 418-6.  
Vote: Yea

(178) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Energy Efficiency  
June 21, 2001 - Sanders, I-Vt., amendment that would increase by \$24 million weatherization assistance, \$12 million payments in lieu of taxes, and \$12 million for other energy efficiency programs, and offset the costs by a \$52 million cut in fossil fuel energy research and development. Rejected 153-262.  
Vote: Yea

(179) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Recreational Fees  
June 21, 2001 - DeFazio, D-Ore., amendment that would eliminate the Recreational Fee Demonstration Program. Rejected 129-287.  
Vote: Nay

(180) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Monument Protection  
June 21, 2001 - Rahall, D-W.Va., amendment that would prohibit spending funds for oil and gas leasing and development within national monument boundaries except for monuments already authorizing such activity. Adopted 242-173.  
Vote: Yea

(181) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Gulf Energy  
June 21, 2001 - Davis, D-Fla., amendment that would prohibit spending funds for oil and gas development before April 1, 2002, in an area of the Gulf of Mexico known as Lease Sale 181. Adopted 247-164.  
Vote: Yea

(182) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Mining Regulations  
June 21, 2001 - Inslee, D-Wash., amendment that would prohibit spending funds to suspend or revise final regulations amending environmental mining rules published in the Nov. 21, 2000, Federal Register. Adopted 216-194.  
Vote: Yea

(183) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Biscayne Leases  
June 21, 2001 - Deutsch, D-Fla., amendment that would prohibit spending funds to compensate Interior Department staff to extend leases, standstill agreements, or a March 30, 2001, settlement agreement, related to seven campsite leases in Biscayne National Park, Florida. Rejected 187-222.  
Vote: Yea

(185) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Passage  
June 21, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$18.9 billion for the Interior Department, related agencies and cultural programs in fiscal 2002. The funding represents a one percent increase from fiscal 2001. Passed 376-32.  
Vote: Yea

(192) HRes 166: Houston Relief - Adoption  
June 26, 2001 - Cooksey, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would recognize those who provided relief and service to the people of Houston and surrounding areas in the wake of Tropical Storm Allison. Motion agreed to 411-0.  
Vote: Yea

(196) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Rule  
June 27, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 180) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$23.7 billion for the Energy Department, the Army Corps of Engineers, water projects and other independent agencies in fiscal 2002, \$148 million more than fiscal 2001. Adopted 425-1.  
Vote: Yea

(199) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Renewable Programs  
June 28, 2001 - Tancredo, R-Colo., amendment that would increase by \$8.9 million renewable energy programs at the Energy Department and offset the cost with a

decrease by \$9.9 million from general investigation funds of the Army Corps of Engineers. Rejected 39-372.  
Vote: Yea

(200) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Beach Protection  
June 28, 2001 - Tancredo, R-Colo., amendment that would strike Title 1, Section 105, which provides for beach and coastal protection projects to be paid for with 65 percent federal and 35 percent local funds. Rejected 84-333.  
Vote: Yea

(201) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Energy Supply  
June 28, 2001 - Hinchey, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$50 million renewable energy programs at the Energy Department and offset the cost with a decrease by \$60 million for weapons activities from the National Nuclear Security Administration Stockpile Stewardship program. Rejected 163-258.  
Vote: Yea

(202) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Non-Proliferation  
June 28, 2001 - Kucinich, D-Ohio, amendment that would increase by \$66 million nuclear non-proliferation activities and decrease by \$122.5 million funding for the National Ignition Facility. Rejected 91-331.  
Vote: Nay

(203) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Lake Drilling  
June 28, 2001 - Bonior, D-Mich., amendment that would ban oil and gas drilling in the Great Lakes, Lake Saint Clair, and the Saint Mary's, Saint Clair, Detroit, Niagara and Saint Lawrence Rivers. Adopted 265-157.  
Vote: Yea

(204) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Yucca Study  
June 28, 2001 - Berkley, D-Nev., amendment that would transfer \$500,000 from nuclear waste disposal funds to the Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board to study the Energy Department's activities relating to the transportation of radioactive waste and spent nuclear fuel to Yucca Mountain. It also would authorize conducting hearings, obtaining testimony, and gathering other evidence from the Department. Rejected 102-321.  
Vote: Yea

(205) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Gulfstream Gas  
June 28, 2001 - Davis, D-Fla., amendment that would remove language that prohibits the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission from using funds to finance the Gulfstream Natural Gas Project, a natural gas pipeline from Alabama to Florida. Rejected 210-213.  
Vote: Yea

(206) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Passage  
June 28, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$23.7 billion for the Energy Department, the Army Corps of Engineers, water projects and other independent agencies in fiscal 2002, \$148 million more than fiscal year 2001. Of this total, \$18.7 billion is provided to the Energy Department and \$4.5 billion to the Corps of Engineers.  
Passed 405-15.  
Vote: Nay

(288) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Arsenic Standards  
July 27, 2001 - Bonior, D-Mich., amendment that would ban use of funds in the bill to delay national drinking water regulations for arsenic or to further a rule to raise arsenic levels under those regulations. Adopted 218-189.  
Vote: Yea

(289) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - EPA Enforcement  
July 27, 2001 - Menendez, D-N.J., amendment that would block a proposed reduction in EPA enforcement personnel by reducing by \$25 million salaries and expenses funding under the bill, except for VA and EPA personnel, and increasing by the same amount environmental programs and management funding.  
Rejected 182-214.  
Vote: Nay

(293) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Sewer Improvements  
July 30, 2001 - Barcia, D-Mich., amendment that would increase by \$140 million EPA water improvement grants to improve municipal combined and sanitary sewer systems and reduce sewage overflow during heavy rains and reduce by the same amount the superfund program. Rejected 99-325.  
Vote: Nay

(294) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Project Impact  
July 30, 2001 - Capps, D-Calif., amendment that would designate \$25 million of FEMA emergency planning and assistance funding for Project Impact, which funds pre-disaster hazard mitigation efforts. Rejected 190-231.  
Vote: Nay

(307) HR 4: Energy Plan - Rule  
August 01, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 216) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would make numerous changes to the nation's energy policies, including those in the areas of production, conservation, taxes and research.  
Adopted 220-206.  
Vote: Yea

(309) HR 4: Energy Plan - Additional Studies  
August 01, 2001 - Tauzin, R-La., amendment that would make various changes to the bill, including the authorization of numerous studies and analyses on turning municipal waste into fuel; developing nuclear reactors at existing Energy Department sites; linking education to energy conservation; and increasing the market share for renewable fuels. Adopted 281-148.  
Vote: Yea

(310) HR 4: Energy Plan - Renewable Programs  
August 01, 2001 - Bono, R-Calif., amendment that would authorize \$10 million annually through fiscal 2006 for a partnership program between the EPA and private industry to promote and conduct public outreach on renewable and alternative energy.  
Adopted 411-15.  
Vote: Yea

(311) HR 4: Energy Plan - CAFE Standards  
August 01, 2001 - Boehlert, R-N.Y., amendment that would require a combined corporate average fuel efficiency (CAFE) standard for passenger automobiles and light trucks, including sport-utility vehicles, of 26 miles per gallon in 2005 and 2006 and of 27.5 miles per gallon in 2007 and beyond. It also would offer incentives for alternative fuel vehicles and require the Secretary of Transportation to use his authority to ensure automobile and truck safety. Rejected 160-269.  
Vote: Yea

(312) HR 4: Energy Plan - California Gas  
August 01, 2001 - Green, D-Texas, amendment that would block the State of California from preventing the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission from ensuring low-cost natural gas transmission inside the state.  
Rejected 154-275.  
Vote: Nay

(313) HR 4: Energy Plan - Oxygen Limits  
August 01, 2001 - Cox, R-Calif., amendment that would give California a waiver from a federal law requiring that reformulated gasoline contain at least two percent oxygen, provided the state achieves equivalent or greater emissions reductions. Rejected 125-300.  
Vote: Yea

(314) HR 4: Energy Plan - Electricity Rates  
August 01, 2001 - Waxman, D-Calif., amendment that would require the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to impose cost-of-service rates on electricity generators selling power in Western states for 18 months. Power plants going online after Jan. 1, 2001, would be exempted. Rejected 154-274.  
Vote: Nay

(315) HR 4: Energy Plan - ANWR Drilling Receipts  
August 01, 2001 - Sununu, R-N.H., amendment that would require that the federal share of receipts from new oil and gas drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge go to two new funds, one for renewable energy research and development and one for the elimination of the maintenance and improvement backlog on federal lands.  
Adopted 241-186.  
Vote: Nay

(316) HR 4: Energy Plan - ANWR Size Limit  
August 01, 2001 - Sununu, R-N.H., amendment that would limit oil and gas drilling operations in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge to 2,000 acres of total surface area. Adopted 228-201.  
Vote: Nay

(317) HR 4: Energy Plan - ANWR Drilling Ban  
August 01, 2001 - Markey, D-Mass., amendment that would maintain the current prohibition on oil drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge by striking language opening the reserve up to development.  
Rejected 206-223. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(318) HR 4: Energy Plan - Great Lakes Drilling  
August 01, 2001 - Rogers, R-Mich., amendment that would express the sense of Congress that states along the Great Lakes should maintain existing prohibitions against offshore oil and gas drilling. Adopted 345-85.  
Vote: Yea

(319) HR 4: Energy Plan - Recommit  
August 02, 2001 - Thurman, D-Fla., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to add language providing that tax reductions should be contingent on sufficient non-Social Security, non-Medicare surpluses. Motion rejected 206-223.  
Vote: Nay

(320) HR 4: Energy Plan - Passage  
August 02, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would make numerous changes to the nation's energy policies including those in the areas of production, conservation, taxes, and research. The bill includes allowing oil and gas drilling in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge; offering incentives for offshore drilling; funding nuclear energy, clean coal, and oil and gas research; extending tax credits for energy-efficiency and coal technology; and raising fuel efficiency standards for sport-utility vehicles and light trucks. It would provide \$33.5 billion in tax credits over 10 years for energy producers and consumers. Passed 240-189. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(363) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Renewable Fuels  
October 03, 2001 - Boswell, D-Iowa, amendment that would establish a 10-year renewable energy reserve program to purchase and store agricultural products needed to produce bio-energy and renewable fuels.  
Rejected 100-323.  
Vote: Nay

(366) HR 2646: Farm Bill - Farm Conservation  
October 04, 2001 - Boehlert, R-N.Y., amendment that would shift \$1.9 billion from the bill's fixed and countercyclical payments to farm and undeveloped land conservation programs, including the Farm and Ranchland Protection Program and the Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program. The measure also would increase the amount of land that could be included in various preservation programs.  
Rejected 200-226.  
Vote: Yea

(373) HRes 250: Oil Reserves - Adoption  
October 09, 2001 - Barton, R-Texas, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would urge the Energy Department to increase the Strategic Petroleum Reserve to 1 billion barrels, fill it to capacity, and consider buying from marginal wells. Motion agreed to 409-3.  
Vote: Yea

(393) HR 2217: Fiscal 2002 Interior Appropriations - Conference Report  
October 17, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$19.1 billion for the Interior Department, related agencies and cultural programs in fiscal 2002. The agreement would include \$1.3 billion for conservation efforts, \$400 million in emergency funds to fight wildfires, and prohibitions on oil and gas exploration in the Gulf of Mexico and at national monuments.  
Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 380-28.  
Vote: Yea

(397) HR 2924: Electricity Protection - Passage  
October 23, 2001 - Calvert, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow the Federal Power Marketing Administration to offer rewards to individuals who help them protect the nation's electricity plants and transmission lines. Motion agreed to 418-0.  
Vote: Yea

(415) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Rule  
November 01, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 272) to provide for House floor consideration of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$24.6 billion in fiscal 2002 for the Energy Department, the Army Corps of Engineers and other agencies, \$2.1 billion more than the President's request. Adopted 421-2.  
Vote: Yea

(416) HR 2311: Fiscal 2002 Energy and Water Appropriations - Conference Report  
November 01, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$24.6 billion in fiscal 2002 for the Energy Department, the Army Corps of Engineers and other agencies, \$2.1 billion more than the President's request. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 399-29.  
Vote: Nay

(449) HR 1259: Federal Data Protection - Passage  
November 27, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would expand the role of the National Institute of Standards and Technology in the protection of sensitive but unclassified information maintained in electronic databases by federal agencies. The bill would authorize the institute to assist agencies to protect their computer networks, promote additional security and privacy guidelines for electronic data, and respond to unauthorized uses of that data. It also would require the institute to develop uniform systems for computer networks, compile a list of approved commercial security products and mandate annual reports on federal computer system evaluations. Motion agreed to 391-4.  
Vote: Yea

(2) HR 700: Asian Elephants - Concur with Senate Amendment  
January 23, 2002 - Gilchrest, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendment to the bill that would reauthorize through fiscal 2007 the Asian Elephant Conservation Act, which calls for up to \$5 million annually in appropriations to the Interior Department's Multi-National Species Conservation Fund to conserve Asian elephants. It also would reauthorize through fiscal 2005 the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation. Motion agreed to 349-23.  
Vote: Yea

(3) HR 2234: Tumacacori Park Expansion - Passage  
January 23, 2002 - Gilchrest, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize the Interior Department to expand the Tumacacori National Historic Park through the purchase of 310 acres of adjacent land. Motion agreed to 356-14.  
Vote: Yea

(12) HR 3394: Computer Protection - Rule  
February 07, 2002 - Adoption of the resolution (H Res 343) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would authorize \$880 million through fiscal 2007 for the National Science Foundation and the National Institute of Standards and Technology to initiate and operate research programs aimed at protecting computer networks. Adopted 392-0.  
Vote: Yea

(13) HR 3394: Computer Protection - Passage  
February 07, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would authorize \$880 million through fiscal 2007 for the National Science Foundation and the National Institute of Standards and Technology to initiate and operate research programs aimed at protecting computer networks. The bill would authorize the NSF to award professional and student grants, establish university-based centers, and fund university-trainee programs aimed at furthering computer security. The bill would allow the NIST to provide assistance and award fellowships related to cyber-security research. It also would order a study of the weaknesses of the nation's networks and measures needed to strengthen them. Passed 400-12.  
Vote: Yea

## EXECUTIVE BRANCH, FEDERAL BUILDINGS AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(11) HR 132: Goro Hokama Post Office - Passage  
February 07, 2001 - Miller, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a post office in Lanai City, Hawaii, the "Goro Hokama Post Office." Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(18) HR 558: Edward N. Cahn Courthouse - Passage  
February 28, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would designate a U.S. courthouse in Allentown, Pa., as the "Edward N. Cahn Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse." Motion agreed to 412-0.  
Vote: Yea

(19) HR 621: James C. Corman Federal Building - Passage  
February 28, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would designate a federal building in Van Nuys, Calif., as the "James C. Corman Federal Building." Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(151) HR 2043: Elwood Hillis Post Office - Passage  
June 05, 2001 - Otter, R-Idaho, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would designate a post office in Kokomo, Ind., as the "Elwood Haynes 'Bud' Hillis Post Office Building." Motion agreed to 407-0.  
Vote: Yea

(229) S 360: Paul Coverdell Tribute - Passage  
July 17, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name U.S. Peace Corps' headquarters and World Wise Schools Programs after the late Sen. Paul D. Coverdell, R-Ga. (1993-2000). The bill also would authorize \$10 million for the University of Georgia to construct a facility named the "Paul D. Coverdell Building." Motion agreed to 330-61.  
Vote: Present

(239) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Census Data Content  
July 18, 2001 - Maloney, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$500,000 the Census Bureau's data content and products account and reduce by the same amount funding to pay for collecting and publishing statistics for other periodic censuses. Rejected 209-217.  
Vote: Nay

(240) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Census Data Processing  
July 18, 2001 - Maloney, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$2 million the Census Bureau's automated data processing and telecommunications support account and reduce by the same amount funding to pay for collecting and publishing statistics for other periodic censuses. Rejected 215-215.  
Vote: Nay

(259) S 468: James Corman Building - Passage  
July 23, 2001 - Cooksey, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a federal building in Van Nuys, Calif., the "James C. Corman Federal Building." Passed (thus cleared for the President) 381-0.  
Vote: Yea

(268) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Vice President's Utilities  
July 25, 2001 - Inslee, D-Wash., amendment that would strike a provision that allows the U.S. Navy to pay electric and other utility bills for the vice President's residence. Rejected 141-285.  
Vote: Nay

(269) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Vice President's Events  
July 25, 2001 - Hinchey, D-N.Y., amendment that would strike a provision that allows the U.S. Navy to accept donated money and goods, including food and beverages, for use at official events at the vice President's residence. Rejected 151-274.  
Vote: Nay

(272) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - IRS Bonuses  
July 25, 2001 - Traficant, D-Ohio, amendment that would prohibit the use of funds for bonuses and incentive payments to senior management at the Internal Revenue Service. Rejected 24-401.  
Vote: Nay

(274) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Passage  
July 25, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$32.7 billion in fiscal 2002 for the Treasury Department, U.S. Postal Service, various offices of the Executive Office of the President and certain independent agencies, a \$1.1 billion increase over fiscal 2001 spending. The total includes \$9.5 billion for the Internal Revenue Service and \$2.7 billion for the Customs Service. The measure provides that all federal employees would receive a 4.6 percent pay raise. It also would prohibit payments under federal employee health plans for abortions except in the case of rape, incest or when the woman's life is endangered. Passed 334-94.  
Vote: Nay

(336) HR 1766: Stan Parris Building - Passage  
September 10, 2001 - Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a U.S. Postal Service building in Annandale, Va., the "Stan Parris Post Office Building." Motion agreed to 362-0.  
Vote: Yea

(337) HR 1761: Herb Harris Building - Passage

September 10, 2001 - Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a U.S. Postal Service building in Alexandria, Va., the "Herb E. Harris Post Office Building." Motion agreed to 365-0. Vote: Yea

(343) HR 2657: D.C. Family Court - Passage

September 20, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would re-designate the D.C. Superior Court's Family Division as the Family Court and promote greater autonomy and efficiencies within the system. It would include furthering the employment, retention, and training of experienced judges; establishing a "one family, one judge" rule; supporting alternative family-related dispute resolutions; and expediting existing case backlogs. The bill also would require upgrading computer systems, coordinating with social service providers, and reporting on compliance. Motion agreed to 408-0. Vote: Yea

(351) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Rule

September 25, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 245) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$398.1 million in federal payments to the District of Columbia and approve the District's \$7.2 billion budget. Adopted 236-183. Vote: Yea

(352) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Domestic Partner Benefits

September 25, 2001 - Weldon, R-Fla., amendment that would prohibit the spending of local funds to extend city employees' health benefits to unmarried domestic partners. Rejected 194-226. Vote: Nay

(353) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Freedom of Association

September 25, 2001 - Norton, D-D.C., amendment to the Hostettler, R-Ind., amendment. The Hostettler amendment would ban the use of federal and local funds to carry out a D.C. Commission on Human Rights order that the Boy Scouts reinstate two homosexual leaders and compensate them \$50,000 each. The Norton amendment would limit the ban to federal funds only. Rejected 173-243. Vote: Yea

(354) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Boy Scouts' Leaders

September 25, 2001 - Hostettler, R-Ind., amendment would ban the use of funds to carry out a D.C. Commission on Human Rights order that the Boy Scouts reinstate two homosexual leaders and compensate them \$50,000 each. Adopted 262-152. Vote: Nay

(355) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Passage

September 25, 2001 - Passage of the bill to appropriate \$398.1 million in federal payments to the District of Columbia and approve the District's \$7.2 billion budget. It would provide funding for the city to carry out an emergency security plan and restructure its family court plan. The bill would prevent the District from spending any funds on needle-exchange programs or legalizing marijuana for medical use and bar it from using any of its own funds to seek voting rights in Congress. It would bar the use of federal, but not local, funds to permit domestic partners to receive health insurance benefits. It would prohibit the use of funds for abortion, except in cases of rape or incest or to save the life of the woman. Passed 327-88. Vote: Yea

(360) HR 169: Federal Employees' Protection - Passage

October 02, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that aims to strengthen federal agencies' compliance with anti-discrimination and whistleblower protection laws by requiring them to pay for employee claims against them out of their own budgets, better notify employees about relevant laws, and mandate detailed, annual reports to Congress on actions filed against them. Motion agreed to 420-0. Vote: Yea

(361) HJRes 42: Firefighter Tribute - Passage

October 02, 2001 - Sensenbrenner, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the joint resolution that would require that American flags on all federal office buildings be flown at half-mast one day each year in honor of the National Fallen Firefighters Memorial Service in Emmitsburg, Md. Motion agreed to 420-0. Vote: Yea

(380) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - No Translator Funds

October 11, 2001 - Istook, R-Okla., amendment that would restrict spending money to carry out an executive order that requires federal contractors and other recipients of federal assistance to provide translators for people with limited English language skills. Rejected 156-262. Vote: Yea

(410) HR 2910: Norman Sisisky Building - Passage

October 30, 2001 - Jo Ann Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would designate a building in Petersburg, Va., as the "Norman Sisisky Post Office Building." Motion agreed to 405-0. Vote: Yea

(413) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury-Postal Appropriations - Conference Report

October 31, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$32.8 billion for the Treasury Department, Postal Service, Executive Office of the President and other federal agencies. The agreement would appropriate \$392 million to the Internal Revenue Service for information technology upgrades. The Customs Service would receive \$300 million for modernization and \$28 million for additional agents along the Canadian border. The bill would increase pay for federal employees by 4.6 percent and maintain current law provisions that ban funding abortions under federal employee health plans but allow funding for contraceptives. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 339-85. Vote: Nay

(430) HR 852: Nathaniel Jones Building - Passage

November 07, 2001 - Rehberg, R-Mont., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would designate a Youngstown, Ohio, building as the "Nathaniel R. Jones and Frank J. Battisti Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse." Motion agreed to 410-0. Vote: Yea

(440) HConRes 257: Postal Tribute - Adoption

November 14, 2001 - McHugh, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress commending the work of the U.S. Postal Service and assuring its employees that they will work to ensure their safety. Motion agreed to 418-0. Vote: Yea

(470) HR 3348: George P. Schultz Tribute - Passage

December 05, 2001 - Leach, R-Iowa, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name Virginia's National Foreign Affairs Training Center after George P. Schultz. Motion agreed to 407-0. Vote: Yea

(482) HR 2944: Fiscal 2002 District of Columbia Appropriations - Conference Report

December 06, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would provide \$408 million for the District of Columbia in fiscal 2002, including funds for the city's courts and corrections systems. It

would allocate \$16 million for the District to establish an emergency response plan in the wake of the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. The agreement would allow the District to use local funds to carry out a city health plan offering coverage to the unmarried domestic partners of employees. It also would approve a \$7.15 billion budget for the District. The District would not be allowed to use local or federal funds for needle exchange programs. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 302-84. Vote: Yea

(484) HR 3282: Mike Mansfield Building - Passage

December 11, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a federal building in Butte, Mont., after the late Sen. Mike Mansfield, D-Mont. Motion agreed to 401-0. Vote: Yea

(492) HR 1022: Half-Staff Flags - Passage

December 12, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would explicitly authorize top local government officials to order the lowering of the U.S. flag to half staff to honor the deaths of current and past employees. Passed 420-0. Vote: Yea

(499) HR 3379: Raymond Downey Building - Passage

December 18, 2001 - Jo Ann Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a Deer Park, N.Y., post office after Raymond M. Downey, a New York City firefighter killed Sept. 11. Motion agreed to 393-0. Vote: Yea

(502) HR 2657: D.C. Family Court - Concur with Senate Amendment

December 19, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendments to the bill that would redesignate the D.C. Superior Court's Family Division as the Family Court and promote greater autonomy and efficiencies within the system. The bill would include furthering the employment, retention, and training of experienced judges; establishing a "one family, one judge" rule; supporting alternative family-related dispute resolutions; and expediting existing case backlogs, including directing the chief judge to resolve the family division's pending child abuse and neglect cases within 18 months. It would limit the size of the court to 15 judges. The bill also would require the court to upgrade computer systems, coordinate with social service providers and report on compliance. Motion agreed to 418-1. Vote: Yea

(503) HR 2199: D.C. Police Help - Concur with Senate Amendment

December 19, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendment to the bill that would

broaden the 1997 National Capital Revitalization and Self-Government Improvement Act to allow any federal law enforcement agency to assist D.C. police in fighting crime. It would clarify that federal-local cooperative agreements must be agreed to by the D.C. police chief and the local U.S. attorney. Motion agreed to 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(6) HR 577: Presidential Library Donations - Passage  
February 05, 2002 - Horn, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would require annual disclosures to Congress of the amount and source of any donations more than \$200 to organizations raising funds for a Presidential library and, once the library is under the charge of the National Archives and Records Administration, any donations more than \$5,000. Motion agreed to 392-3.  
Vote: Yea

(7) S 970: Horatio King Building - Passage  
February 05, 2002 - Horn, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a U.S. Post Office building in Paris Hill, Maine, in honor of the late Horatio King, a former postmaster general. Motion agreed to 394-0.  
Vote: Yea

(11) HJRes 82: Ronald Reagan's Birthday - Passage  
February 06, 2002 - Weldon, R-Pa., motion to suspend the rules and pass the resolution that would wish former President Ronald Reagan a happy 91st birthday. Motion agreed to 408-0.  
Vote: Yea

(47) HConRes 305: Reagan Award - Adoption  
March 05, 2002 - Linder, R-Ga., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would allow the use of the U.S. Capitol Rotunda for a congressional gold medal awards ceremony for former President Ronald Reagan and Nancy Reagan. Motion agreed to 392-0.  
Vote: Yea

(68) HR 2804: James Browning Building - Passage  
March 19, 2002 - Cooksey, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would name a federal building in San Francisco, Calif., for James R. Browning, a former judge on the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. Motion agreed to 403-1.  
Vote: Missed Vote

(71) HR 3924: Working From Home - Passage  
March 20, 2002 - Passage of the bill that would allow private contractors working for federal agencies to telecommute from their homes or other off-site areas unless it conflicts with the contracting agency's needs. Passed 421-0.  
Vote: Yea

## FOREIGN AFFAIRS

(7) HConRes 15: Indian Earthquake - Adoption  
January 31, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution expressing sympathy for the victims of the earthquake that struck India on January 26, 2001, and support for ongoing aid efforts. Motion agreed to 406-1.  
Vote: Yea

(52) HConRes 41: El Salvador Earthquake Assistance - Passage  
March 20, 2001 - Ballenger, R-N.C., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would offer sympathy and support, including encouraging additional international aid, to El Salvador earthquake victims. Motion agreed to 405-1.  
Vote: Yea

(12) HRes 34: Sharon Congratulation - Adoption  
February 13, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that congratulates Ariel Sharon on his election as prime minister of Israel. It also urges Palestinian Authority President Yasser Arafat to use his influence and resources to see that violence in the Middle East is brought to an end. And it calls on Israel's neighbors and the international community to respect the will of the Israeli people and engage in constructive relations with the Israeli government. Motion agreed to 410-1.  
Vote: Yea

(77) HRes 91: Cuba Human Rights - Adoption  
April 03, 2001 - Ros-Lehtinen, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of the House condemning Cuba for human rights violations and would urge the President to make efforts to pass a similar resolution at a U.N. Human Rights Commission meeting in Geneva. Motion agreed to 347-44.  
Vote: Yea

(78) HRes 56: China Human Rights - Adoption  
April 03, 2001 - Ros-Lehtinen, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would condemn China for human rights violations and would urge U.S. representatives at a U.N. Human Rights Commission meeting

to make efforts to pass a resolution calling for the end of such violations in China and Tibet. Motion agreed to 406-6.  
Vote: Yea

(86) HR 428: Taiwan Participation - Passage  
April 24, 2001 - Leach, R-Iowa, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would encourage Taiwan's participation in the World Health Organization and would direct the Secretary of State to initiate a U.S. plan to obtain observer status for the country at the annual summit of the WHO. The Secretary would have 14 days to report the plan to Congress. The summit will be held in May in Geneva. Motion agreed to 407-0.  
Vote: Yea

(105) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - Rule  
May 10, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 138) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would authorize \$8.2 billion in appropriations for fiscal 2002 and "such funds as may be necessary" for fiscal 2003 for foreign policy operations of the Department of State. Adopted 226-192.  
Vote: Yea

(106) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - International Prosecution Protection  
May 10, 2001 - DeLay, R-Texas, amendment that would protect U.S. citizens acting on behalf of the government from prosecution by the International Criminal Court until the Senate ratifies the treaty establishing the court. Adopted 282-137.  
Vote: Yea

(107) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - U.N. Back Payments  
May 10, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., amendment that would require that the United States be restored to its seat on the U.N. Human Rights Commission before the release of \$244 million in previously appropriated funds to pay U.N. back dues. Adopted 252-165.  
Vote: Nay

(108) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - UNESCO Participation  
May 10, 2001 - Tancredo, R-Colo., amendment that would strike language authorizing a \$65 million payment required for the United States to rejoin the U.N. Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization and language urging the President to renew U.S. participation in the organization. Rejected 193-225.  
Vote: Nay

(113) HR 428: Taiwan Participation - Concur with Senate Amendment  
May 15, 2001 - Leach, R-Iowa, motion to suspend the rules and concur with a Senate amendment to the bill that would authorize the

Secretary of State to work on a plan to help Taiwan win observer status at the World Health Organization. The measure also would require the Secretary to submit that plan to Congress within 14 days of the bill's enactment. Motion agreed to 415-0.  
Vote: Yea

(115) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - Family Planning Funding  
May 16, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., amendment that would remove language reversing President Bush's restrictions on funding to family planning groups that provide abortion services, counseling or advocacy. Adopted 218-210. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Nay

(119) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - Lebanon Assistance  
May 16, 2001 - Lantos, D-Calif., amendment that would bar U.S. military training or education assistance to Lebanon unless that country militarily occupies and controls its border with Israel. Adopted 216-210.  
Vote: Yea

(120) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - Recommit  
May 16, 2001 - Hastings, D-Fla., motion to recommit the bill to the House International Relations Committee with instructions to add an amendment that would require the creation of a special envoy for Korea within the State Department. Motion rejected 189-239.  
Vote: Nay

(121) HR 1646: State Department Authorization - Passage  
May 16, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would authorize \$8.2 billion in appropriations for fiscal 2002 and "such funds as may be necessary" for fiscal 2002 for the Department of State and foreign broadcasting operations. Passed 352-73.  
Vote: Yea

(160) HR 2052: Sudan Relief - Passage  
June 13, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would support relief programs and condemn human rights abuses in Sudan and establish new requirements on U.S. businesses operating there. The bill would require companies trading securities in the United States to disclose their Sudan operations in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. It also calls for the Bush administration to facilitate the peace process, support additional forms of direct relief, and spend \$10 million from the fiscal 2001 foreign operations appropriations law for humanitarian assistance in Sudan. Passed 422-2.  
Vote: Yea

(161) HConRes 145: Afghan Human Rights - Adoption  
June 13, 2001 - Adoption of the resolution that would condemn the Taliban regime's forcing of Hindus in Afghanistan to wear symbols identifying them as Hindu and would call for the policy's revocation. It also urges Pakistan to push the Taliban to revoke the policy and supports humanitarian assistance for the Afghan people. Adopted 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(186) HRes 160: China Detention - Adoption  
June 25, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would condemn the Chinese government's detention and treatment of five U.S.-based scholars on charges of espionage and urge President Bush to push for their release. Motion agreed to 379-0.  
Vote: Yea

(187) HRes 99: Hezbollah Abduction - Adoption  
June 25, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would urge Lebanon, Syria and Iran to push Hezbollah to allow Red Cross staff to visit four Israelis abducted by the group in Lebanon last fall. Motion agreed to 379-0.  
Vote: Yea

(212) HConRes 168: Torture Victims' Support - Adoption  
July 10, 2001 - Ros-Lehtinen, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor torture victims in the United States and abroad on the event of the U.N. International Day in Support of Victims of Torture. Motion agreed to 409-0.  
Vote: Yea

(241) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - China Payment  
July 18, 2001 - DeLay, R-Texas, amendment that would prohibit federal funds from being used to pay China for any costs related to negotiations or claims for reimbursement of costs associated with the detention of the crew of the U.S. Navy EP-3 airplane. Adopted 424-6.  
Vote: Yea

(245) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - U.N. Contributions  
July 18, 2001 - Paul, R-Texas, amendment that would prohibit the use of funds for U.S. contributions to the United Nations or any of its affiliates. Rejected 62-364.  
Vote: Nay

(246) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - U.N. Peacekeepers  
July 18, 2001 - Paul, R-Texas, amendment that would prohibit the use of funds for U.S. contributions to U.N. peacekeeping efforts. Rejected 71-359.  
Vote: Nay

(262) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - AIDS Fund  
July 24, 2001 - Lee, D-Calif., amendment that would increase the U.S. contribution to the Global AIDS Trust Fund by \$60 million and reduce the Andean Initiative by \$38 million and foreign military financing by \$22 million. Rejected 188-240.  
Vote: Yea

(263) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Children's Health  
July 24, 2001 - McGovern, D-Mass., amendment that would increase tuberculosis treatment and prevention by \$50 million and child health and maternal health programs by \$50 million and reduce funding for the Andean Counterdrug Initiative by \$100 million. Rejected 179-249.  
Vote: Yea

(264) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Tuberculosis  
July 24, 2001 - Brown, D-Ohio, amendment that would increase the Child Survival and Health Programs account by \$20 million to fight tuberculosis and decrease the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency by \$10 million and the Asian Development Fund by \$10 million. Adopted 268-159.  
Vote: Nay

(265) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Human Trafficking  
July 24, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., amendment that would earmark from six foreign aid accounts \$10 million for human trafficking prevention programs, \$10 million to help trafficking victims, and \$10 million for other countries' anti-trafficking efforts. Adopted 427-0.  
Vote: Yea

(266) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Passage  
July 24, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$15.2 billion in fiscal 2002 for foreign operations, \$304 million more than fiscal 2001. It includes \$676 million for the Andean Initiative, a Latin American counternarcotics program, and \$474 million for international HIV/AIDS programs. Passed 381-46.  
Vote: Yea

(276) HR 1954: Iran and Libya Energy - Passage  
July 26, 2001 - Gilman, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would extend for five years the Iran-Libya Sanctions Act, which allows sanctions to be imposed on domestic and foreign individuals and companies that invest in Iranian and Libyan oil and gas industries. A choice of six sanctions could be imposed on those with investments of more than \$20 million annually. Motion agreed to 409-6.  
Vote: Yea

(290) HRes 212: Racism Conference - Adoption  
July 30, 2001 - Ballenger, R-N.C., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would encourage participants at the U.N. World Conference Against Racism, Racial Discrimination, Xenophobia, and Related Intolerance to tackle those and similar discrimination issues. It also would recognize the need for a global framework to address such issues and praise South Africa as its host. Motion agreed to 408-3.  
Vote: Yea

(291) HRes 191: Israeli Abduction - Adoption  
July 30, 2001 - Ballenger, R-N.C., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would call for the United Nations to transfer to Israel all material evidence in the investigation into the Oct. 7, 2000, abduction of three Israeli soldiers by Hezbollah forces, including an unedited videotape. Motion agreed to 411-4.  
Vote: Yea

(334) HRes 233: Mexican Relations - Adoption  
September 05, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would acknowledge the important partnership between the United States and Mexico and support Mexican President Vicente Fox. Motion agreed to 407-0.  
Vote: Yea

(335) HR 2833: Vietnam Rights - Passage  
September 06, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would set up a commission to monitor human rights in Vietnam and condition that country's future non-humanitarian aid on achieving "substantial progress" toward specified human rights conditions including the release of political and religious prisoners and an end to government involvement in human trafficking. It requires the Secretary of the Treasury to consider human rights violations when deciding whether to support or oppose multilateral aid to Vietnam by international financial institutions. It also authorizes \$2 million in fiscal 2002 and 2003 to support human rights and democracy in Vietnam. Passed 410-1.  
Vote: Yea

(388) HConRes 217: U.S.-Australia Relations - Adoption  
October 16, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would acknowledge the diplomatic, economic and security importance of the relationship between the United States and Australia, welcome Australian Prime Minister John Howard and honor the 50th anniversary of the two countries' alliance under the ANZUS treaty. Motion agreed to 413-1.  
Vote: Yea

(389) HR 2272: Reef Preservation - Passage  
October 16, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow the President to reduce or restructure the debt of developing countries' that agree to spend the resulting savings on coral reef and other coastal marine protection efforts. It would authorize \$10 million annually through fiscal 2005 to establish a fund to carry out the debt-for-nature and other loan restructuring activities. Motion agreed to 382-32.  
Vote: Yea

(431) HR 3167: NATO Expansion - Passage  
November 07, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would support further expansion of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, authorize military assistance to several eastern European countries and lift assistance restrictions on Slovakia. Passed 372-46.  
Vote: Yea

(439) HConRes 211: Burmese Human Rights - Adoption  
November 14, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the bill that would express the sense of Congress honoring Daw Aung San Suu Kyi on the 10th anniversary of her award of the Nobel Peace Prize and supporting human rights in Burma. Motion agreed to 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(452) HConRes 77: Korean Unity - Adoption  
November 28, 2001 - Royce, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would express the sense of Congress in support of the timely reunification of families separated 50 years ago because of the division of North Korea and South Korea. Motion agreed to 420-0.  
Vote: Yea

(468) S 494: Zimbabwe Relief - Passage  
December 04, 2001 - Royce, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would order the Treasury Department to study ways to relieve Zimbabwe of its U.S. debt, but only after the President certifies that the country has made certain democratic changes. It also would authorize \$26 million to support democratic change. Motion agreed to 396-11.  
Vote: Yea

(469) HConRes 242: International Radio Broadcasts - Adoption  
December 05, 2001 - Leach, R-Iowa, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would pay tribute to Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty for their contributions in promoting democracy in eastern Europe and Russia over the last 50 years. Motion agreed to 404-1.  
Vote: Yea

(471) HConRes 102: Africa Relief - Adoption  
December 05, 2001 - Leach, R-Iowa, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would encourage humanitarian, economic development and other relief assistance in sub-Saharan Africa. Motion agreed to 400-9.  
Vote: Yea

(474) HConRes 280: Israel Terror Attacks - Adoption  
December 05, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would express the sense of Congress condemning recent terrorist attacks in Israel, insisting that the Palestinian Authority act against terrorists groups in its territory and urging President Bush to apply pressure on the Palestinian leadership to ensure that it does. Motion agreed to 384-11.  
Vote: Yea

(505) HR 2506: Fiscal 2002 Foreign Operations Appropriations - Conference Report  
December 19, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$15.4 billion in fiscal 2002 for foreign operations, \$403 million more than fiscal 2001. The agreement would include \$625 million for the Andean Initiative, a Latin American counter-narcotics program, and \$475 million for international HIV/AIDS programs. The bill also would continue a Bush administration policy blocking federal funds to groups that use their own money to offer abortion services overseas. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 357-66.  
Vote: Yea

(511) HJRes 75: Iraq Inspections - Passage  
December 20, 2001 - Hyde, R-Ill., motion to suspend the rules and pass the resolution that would urge the United States and the United Nations to insist that Iraq allow U.N. weapons inspections as required under the 1991 Persian Gulf War cease-fire agreement. Motion agreed to 392-12.  
Vote: Yea

(40) HConRes 304: Congo Volcano Victims - Adoption  
February 26, 2002 - Royce, R-Calif., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would express the sympathy of Congress for the people affected by the Jan.

17, 2002, eruption of the Nyiragongo volcano in Congo. It also would support an increase in U.S. aid to Congo for rebuilding efforts. Motion agreed to 405-1.  
Vote: Yea

(70) HRes 339: Ukrainian Elections - Adoption  
March 20, 2002 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would urge Ukraine to allow fair and open political elections, including the enforcement of a new election law and compliance with international standards for elections as set out in the 1990 Copenhagen Document of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe. Motion agreed to 408-1.  
Vote: Yea

## HEALTH CARE

(30) HConRes 31: Donor Awareness - Adoption  
March 07, 2001 - Bilirakis, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would support National Donor Day and raise awareness of organ and other donor programs. Motion agreed to 418-0.  
Vote: Yea

(31) HR 624: Organ Donor Funding and Promotion - Passage  
March 07, 2001 - Bilirakis, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize \$5 million annually over the next five years to help defray travel costs of organ donors who earn less than \$35,000, and for state donor promotion and awareness initiatives. Motion agreed to 404-0.  
Vote: Yea

(51) HRes 67: Tuberculosis Awareness - Passage  
March 20, 2001 - Ballenger, R-N.C., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would acknowledge the problem of tuberculosis and support more funds in the fiscal 2002 foreign aid budget to prevent its spread. Motion agreed to 405-2.  
Vote: Yea

(88) HR 503: Fetal Protection - Democratic Substitute  
April 26, 2001 - Lofgren, D-Calif., substitute amendment that would make assault on a pregnant woman a federal crime. Under the substitute, a perpetrator could be subject to up to 20 years imprisonment for an assault

causing pre-natal injury and up to life imprisonment for an assault causing termination of the pregnancy. Rejected 196-229. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(89) HR 503: Fetal Protection - Passage  
April 26, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would make it a criminal offense to injure or kill a fetus during the commission of a violent crime. The measure would establish criminal penalties, equal to those that would apply if the injury or death occurred to the pregnant woman, for those who harm a fetus, regardless of the perpetrator's knowledge of the pregnancy or intent to harm the fetus. The bill states that its provisions should not be interpreted to apply to consensual abortion or to a woman's actions with respect to her pregnancy. The death penalty could not be imposed under this bill. Passed 252-172.  
Vote: Nay

(90) HConRes 91: Autism Awareness - Adoption  
May 01, 2001 - Greenwood, R-Pa., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would recognize the importance of raising awareness for autism. The resolution would express Congress' support for additional federal funding to support research into the causes and treatment of the disorder. Motion agreed to 418-1.  
Vote: Yea

(208) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Drug Applications  
June 28, 2001 - Brown, D-Ohio, amendment that would provide \$2.5 million for carrying out FDA duties regarding abbreviated applications for approving new drugs and \$250,000 for public education programs about such approvals. Adopted 324-89.  
Vote: Yea

(209) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Antibiotics  
June 28, 2001 - Brown, D-Ohio, amendment that would provide \$5 million for carrying out FDA duties regarding antibiotic drugs. Adopted 271-140.  
Vote: Yea

(216) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Drug Re-imports  
July 11, 2001 - Sanders, I-Vt., amendment that would bar using federal funds to enforce a provision in the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act that forbids the re-importation of drugs originally manufactured in the United States by anyone but the manufacturer. Rejected 159-267.  
Vote: Yea

(217) HR 2330: Fiscal 2002 Agriculture Appropriations - Drug Imports  
July 11, 2001 - Gutknecht, R-Minn., amendment that would bar using federal funds to prevent individuals not in the prescription drug importation business from importing drugs that appear to be approved by the Food and Drug Administration and do not appear to be narcotics. Adopted 324-101.  
Vote: Yea

(235) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - Abortion Ban  
July 17, 2001 - DeGette, D-Colo., amendment that would strike language prohibiting the use of funds for abortion services in federal prisons. Rejected 169-253.  
Vote: Yea

(292) HConRes 190: Substance Addiction - Adoption  
July 30, 2001 - Morella, R-Md., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would support National Alcohol and Drug Addiction Recovery Month, recognized in September every year. Motion agreed to 418-0.  
Vote: Yea

(300) HR 2505: Human Cloning Ban - Rule  
July 31, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 214) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would prohibit human cloning for either medical research or reproductive purposes. Adopted 239-188.  
Vote: Nay

(302) HR 2505: Human Cloning Ban - Substitute

July 31, 2001 - Greenwood, R-Pa., substitute amendment that would ban human cloning to begin a pregnancy but allow the cloning of embryos for medical research as long as a researcher registers with the Department of Health and Human Services. The bill would make it illegal to receive or transport the products of cloning if they would be used to begin a pregnancy. The ban on reproductive cloning would expire in 10 years. Rejected 178-249. A "nay" was a vote in support of the President's position.  
Vote: Yea

(303) HR 2505: Human Cloning Ban - Recommit  
July 31, 2001 - Lofgren, D-Calif., motion to recommit the bill to the House Judiciary Committee with instructions to add an amendment providing that the bill shall not prohibit human cloning related to the development of cures for various diseases, including Parkinson's, cancer, and heart disease. The instructions provide that the product of the cloning process could not be used to begin a pregnancy. Motion rejected 175-251.  
Vote: Yea

(304) HR 2505: Human Cloning Ban - Passage

July 31, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would prohibit human cloning for either medical research or reproductive purposes. The bill would make it illegal for any person or organization to perform, attempt or participate in human cloning. It also would ban receiving, shipping or importing cloned embryos or products made from them. The bill includes civil and criminal penalties including up to 10 years imprisonment and fines of more than \$1 million. Passed 265-162. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(326) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - Rule

August 02, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 219) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would provide federal health care protections, such as access to specialty and emergency room care, and require that health maintenance organizations have an appeals process for patients who are denied care. Adopted 222-205.

Vote: Yea

(328) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - Medical Savings Accounts

August 02, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., amendment that would cut Section 511, which details limitations and caps on medical savings accounts, and replace it with language lifting current restrictions on such accounts. It also would allow the setting up of association health plans, through which businesses could combine their resources to negotiate lower cost insurance plans, which would be regulated by federal law. Adopted 236-194.

Vote: Yea

(329) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - HMO Liability

August 02, 2001 - Norwood, R-Ga., amendment that would limit liability and damage awards when a patient is harmed by a denial of health care. It would allow a patient to sue a health maintenance organization in state court but federal, not state, law would govern. An employer could remove certain cases to federal court. It would limit non-economic damages to \$1.5 million. Punitive damages would be limited to the same amount and only allowed when a decision-maker fails to abide by a grant of benefits by an independent medical reviewer. A patient could seek court reviews when an independent reviewer finds against him, but the patient would be required to produce clear and convincing evidence to overturn the decision. Adopted 218-213. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(330) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - Medical Malpractice

August 02, 2001 - Thomas, R-Calif., amendment that would require a plaintiff to begin a lawsuit within two years of discovering an injury and mandate that all health care actions be filed within five years of the injury. These requirements would preempt other tort law. It would limit non-economic damage awards to \$250,000, divide damages with multiple defendants based on responsibility, and allow evidence of collateral source benefits. It also would restrict punitive damages including a limit on recovery to the greater of twice the amount of economic damages or \$250,000. Rejected 207-221.

Vote: Yea

(331) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - Recommit

August 02, 2001 - Berry, D-Ark., motion to recommit the bill to the House Ways and Means Committee with instructions to add a substitute amendment inserting a complete new text made up of the bill's text prior to amendment. Motion rejected 208-220.

Vote: Nay

(332) HR 2563: Patients' Rights - Passage

August 02, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would provide federal health care protections, such as access to specialty and emergency room care, and require that health maintenance organizations (HMOs) have an appeals process for patients who are denied care. A patient denied care could sue an HMO in state and federal court but first must exhaust internal and external appeals processes. Federal law would govern a state court suit and an employer could remove the case to federal court. Economic damages would not be limited but non-economic and punitive damages would both be capped at \$1.5 million. An employer could select a "designated decision maker" to assume liability. The bill would reauthorize and lift current law restrictions on medical savings accounts and allow association health plans. Passed 226-203. A "yea" was a vote in support of the President's position.

Vote: Yea

(349) HR 717: Muscular Dystrophy Research - Passage

September 24, 2001 - Bilirakis, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would support additional research, coordination, information and education on Duchenne and other forms of muscular dystrophy by federal entities, including the Department of Health and Human Services, (HHS), the National Institutes of Health, and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Motion agreed to 383-0.

Vote: Yea

(357) HR 2586: Fiscal 2002 Defense Authorization - Abortions Overseas

September 25, 2001 - Sanchez, D-Calif., amendment that would allow female military personnel stationed at U.S. bases overseas to undergo an abortion at medical facilities there provided they pay for it themselves and a doctor consents to perform the operation. Rejected 199-217.

Vote: Yea

(378) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - More CDC Funds

October 11, 2001 - Stearns, R-Fla., amendment that would add \$12 million to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and offset it with a reduction from the Public Broadcasting System. Rejected 107-312.

Vote: Nay

(379) HR 3061: Fiscal 2002 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations - More Abstinence Funds

October 11, 2001 - Istook, R-Okla., amendment that would add \$33 million to community-based abstinence education programs. Rejected 106-311.

Vote: Nay

(409) HR 2559: Federal Insurance Premiums - Passage

October 30, 2001 - Jo Ann Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would exempt from state and local taxation the premiums paid by federal employees for private insurance under the Long-Term Care Security Act. It also would allow those who retire from the federal government but defer their annuities to participate in the law's insurance program. Motion agreed to 406-1.

Vote: Yea

(444) HR 2887: Pediatric Drug Tests - Passage

November 15, 2001 - Tauzin, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would encourage additional pediatric drug tests and studies. It would renew through 2007 a current law provision allowing companies that conduct such testing at the request of the Food and Drug Administration an additional six months of exclusive marketing rights and authorize \$200 million in annual awards for universities and others that conduct testing but do not receive such rights. Motion agreed to 338-86.

Vote: Yea

(466) HR 3323: Medicare Electronic Transactions - Passage

December 04, 2001 - Tauzin, R-La., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would bar health care providers from Medicare who fail to meet October 2002 electronic transactions requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act

or fail to submit a compliance plan to the HHS for doing so by 2003. It would require all provider claims to be submitted electronically by 2003 except for those granted exemptions and authorize \$44 million to the HHS to help providers comply with electronic transactions provisions. Motion agreed to 410-0.

Vote: Yea

(467) HR 3391: Medicare Regulations - Passage

December 04, 2001 - Johnson, R-Conn., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would streamline Medicare regulations for health care providers, overhaul the system's private contracting process, and mandate additional educational outreach by contractors to providers. It would limit the publishing of new regulations to once a month, clarify timelines for developing new rules, and ban the retroactivity of substantive rule changes. The bill would give HHS additional flexibility and control over private contractors. It also would require contractors to provide additional information to providers including written responses to inquiries within 45 days. Motion agreed to 408-0.

Vote: Yea

## HOUSING

(57) HR 247: Mobile Home Shelters - Rule

March 22, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 93) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would allow community block grants to be used for the construction of tornado and storm shelters in manufactured housing communities. Adopted 246-169.

Vote: Yea

(61) HR 247: Mobile Home Shelters - Passage

March 22, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would allow community block grants to be used for the construction of tornado and storm shelters in manufactured housing communities. Passed 401-6.

Vote: Yea

(282) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Section 8 Vouchers

July 26, 2001 - Nadler, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$195 million Section 8 assistance to fund 34,000 more incremental vouchers and by \$5 million VA state grants for

additional extended-care facilities construction. It would reduce by \$200 million the Downpayment Assistance Initiative. Rejected 139-284.  
Vote: Nay

(283) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Distressed Housing July 26, 2001 - Davis, D-Ill., amendment that would increase by \$100 million HUD funding for its Revitalization of Severely Distressed Public Housing account and reduce by the same amount its Public Housing Capital Fund account. Rejected 60-360.  
Vote: Yea

(284) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Youthbuild July 26, 2001 - Velazquez, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$10 million HUD funding for the Youthbuild program and reduce by \$10 million funding for HUD salaries and expenses. Adopted 216-209.  
Vote: Nay

(285) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Homelessness Aid July 26, 2001 - LaFalce, D-N.Y., amendment that would increase by \$122.6 million homeless assistance grants and reduce by \$100 million the Downpayment Assistance Initiative and by \$22.6 million HUD salaries and expenses. Rejected 124-300.  
Vote: Nay

(286) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Downpayment Earmark July 27, 2001 - Frank, D-Mass., amendment that would strike a \$200 million earmark in the HOME program for the Downpayment Assistance Initiative but keep the funding in the program. Rejected 163-247.  
Vote: Nay

(287) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Drug Elimination July 27, 2001 - Kaptur, D-Ohio, amendment that would provide \$175 million for HUD's public housing drug elimination program and reduce by the same amount the Downpayment Assistance Initiative. Rejected 197-213.  
Vote: Nay

(295) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Insurance Premiums July 30, 2001 - Frank, D-Mass., amendment that would prohibit the use of funds to establish, charge or collect mortgage insurance premiums for the FHA multi-family program in an amount more than the cost of the insurance and would reduce by \$5 million funding for Operation Safe Home. Rejected 212-212.  
Vote: Nay

(16) HR 3699: Liberty Center Funding - Passage February 12, 2002 - Green, R-Wis., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would limit an award by HUD to the Liberty Center, a program run in Jacksonville, Fla., by the Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs, to \$459,600 and mandate that awarded funds over this amount must be spread among the organization's 10 other programs. Motion agreed to 421-0.  
Vote: Yea

## LABOR AND RETIREMENT

(5) HR 93: Firefighters Retirement - Passage January 30, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would increase the mandatory retirement age for federal firefighters from 55 to 57, bringing it in line with the retirement age for federal law enforcement officers. Motion agreed to 401-0.  
Vote: Yea

(29) SJRes 6: Ergonomics Rule Disapproval March 07, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 79) to provide for House floor consideration of the joint resolution that would provide for Congressional disapproval of the ergonomics rule submitted by the Labor Department during the Clinton administration, stating the rule would have no force or effect. Adopted 222-198.  
Vote: Yea

(33) SJRes 6: Ergonomics Rule Disapproval - Passage

March 07, 2001 - Passage of the joint resolution that would provide for Congressional disapproval of the ergonomics rule submitted by the Labor Department during the Clinton administration, stating the rule would have no force or effect. Passed 223-206.  
Vote: Yea

(92) HR 10: Pension and Retirement Incentives - Rule May 02, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 127) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would cost \$51.7 billion over 10 years and would raise the amount individuals may contribute to traditional and Roth IRAs and to 401(k) plans

and ease the ability of employees to move pension plans with them when they move jobs. Adopted 404-24.  
Vote: Yea

(94) HR 10: Pension and Retirement Incentives - Democratic Substitute May 02, 2001 - Neal, D-Mass., substitute amendment that would add provisions to the bill giving refundable tax credits up to \$1,000 annually to low and middle income employees who contribute to IRAs and employer-sponsored retirement pension plans including 401(k) plans. The amendment also would allow a three-year tax credit for small employers of 50 percent of the costs incurred in establishing such pension plans and would offer them a 50 percent credit for certain employer contributions to retirement plans on behalf of non-highly paid workers. Rejected 207-223.  
Vote: Nay

(95) HR 10: Pension and Retirement Incentives - Recommit May 02, 2001 - Sanders, I-Vt., motion to recommit the bill to the House Education and the Workforce Committee with instructions to add an amendment that would require companies that convert to a cash balance pension system to allow employees the choice to remain in their old pension plans. Motion rejected 153-276.  
Vote: Nay

(96) HR 10: Pension and Retirement Incentives - Passage May 02, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would cost \$51.7 billion over 10 years and would raise the amount individuals may contribute to traditional and Roth IRAs and to 401(k) plans and ease the ability of employees to move pension plans with them when they change jobs. The bill would increase from \$2,000 to \$5,000 the limit on annual IRA contributions by 2004. Those age 50 and older could contribute up to \$5,000 annually to the accounts beginning in 2002. Beginning in 2005, contribution limits would increase with inflation in \$500 increments. Contribution limits to 401(k) plans would increase from \$10,500 to \$15,000 annually by 2005. Those age 50 and older could contribute up to \$5,000 more annually to the plans. Passed 407-24.  
Vote: Yea

(197) HRes 172: Firefighter Tribute - Adoption June 27, 2001 - Davis, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to John J. Downing, Brian Fahey and Harry Ford, firefighters killed in the line of duty June 17, 2001. Motion agreed to 424-0.  
Vote: Yea

(273) HR 2590: Fiscal 2002 Treasury Appropriations - Social Security Report July 25, 2001 - Filner, D-Calif., amendment that would prohibit the use of funds for carrying out the final report of President Bush's Commission to Strengthen Social Security. Rejected 188-238.  
Vote: Nay

(305) HR 1140: Railroad Retirement - Passage July 31, 2001 - Young, R-Alaska, motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would allow railroad retirement assets to be invested in private securities. It also would reduce the payroll tax on railroads and makes other changes in the railroad retirement system. Motion agreed to 384-33.  
Vote: Nay

(441) HR 2269: Employee Retirement Advice - Democratic Substitute November 15, 2001 - Andrews, D-N.J., amendment in the nature of a substitute that would increase requirements for financial advisers, including additional mandatory minimum professional qualifications, full disclosure of conflicts of interest and fees every time they advise employees, and locating alternative advisers when conflicts of interest exist. It also would give the Labor Department more oversight over advisers, including annual random reviews, and would allow employees who successfully sue advisers for breach of fiduciary duty to recover additional damages including attorney fees. Rejected 180-243.  
Vote: Nay

(442) HR 2269: Employee Retirement Advice - Passage November 15, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) and the tax code to allow employers to provide third-party financial advisers to their employees to discuss retirement and pension plans. The bill would require advisers to disclose fees and any potential conflicts of interest to employees and work in their best interest. Passed 280-144.  
Vote: Yea

(485) HR 10: Railroad Retirement - Concur with Senate Amendments December 11, 2001 - Quinn, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and concur with the Senate amendments to the bill that would create a railroad retirement board that would have the authority to invest the pension system's \$15.3 billion in Treasury bonds in higher-yielding private equities. The bill also would reduce the payroll tax on railroads and make other changes in the railroad retirement system. Motion agreed to 369-33.  
Vote: Nay

(490) HConRes 282: Social Security Support - Adoption  
December 12, 2001 - Shaw, R-Fla., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the concurrent resolution that would express the sense of Congress in support of the importance of strengthening Social Security and recommending that a Presidential panel on the topic find novel ways to protect the program without raising taxes or reducing benefits. Motion agreed to 415-5.  
Vote: Yea

## TRANSPORTATION

(15) HR 554: Railroad Accident Assistance - Passage  
February 14, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would require the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) to establish a program to help the families of railroad accident victims. The bill calls for an NTSB liaison and an independent support organization. It also would prohibit lawyers or their agents from making unsolicited contacts with families or injured passengers for 45 days after an accident. Passed 404-4.  
Vote: Yea

(55) HR 1098: Maritime Changes - Passage  
March 21, 2001 - LoBiondo, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize certain maritime changes such as allowing the Secretary of Transportation to provide a \$500,000 addition to the American Merchant Marine Memorial Wall of Honor and granting the extension of lien recordings to all vessel mortgages. The measure also would provide special treatment for named vessels, including exempting some from U.S. maritime regulations. Motion agreed to 415-3.  
Vote: Yea

(191) HR 2299: Fiscal 2002 Transportation Appropriations - Rule  
June 26, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 178) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$59.1 billion in funding for transportation programs for fiscal 2002. Adopted 219-205.  
Vote: Yea

(194) HR 2299: Fiscal 2002 Transportation Appropriations - Passage  
June 26, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$59.1 billion for transportation programs for fiscal 2002. It includes \$32.7 billion for federal highway programs; \$13.3 billion for the Federal Aviation Administration; \$6.7 billion for mass transit; \$5.0 billion for the U.S. Coast Guard; and \$684 million for railroads. Passed 426-1.  
Vote: Yea

(465) HR 2299: Fiscal 2002 Transportation Appropriations - Conference Report  
November 30, 2001 - Adoption of the conference report on the bill that would appropriate \$59.6 billion for fiscal 2002 transportation programs, \$1.5 billion more than fiscal 2001. The agreement would include \$1.25 billion for a security office responsible for passenger and baggage screeners at airports established under the aviation security measure. It also would allow trucks from Mexico to travel throughout the United States but those trucks would be subject to additional inspection, safety and border controls. Adopted (thus sent to the Senate) 371-11.  
Vote: Yea

## VETERANS

(32) HConRes 47: National Guard Tribute - Adoption  
March 07, 2001 - Schrock, R-Va., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would pay tribute to 21 National Guard members killed in a Georgia airplane crash. Motion agreed to 413-0.  
Vote: Yea

(63) HR 801: Veterans Benefits - Passage  
March 27, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would expand and increase funds for several Veterans Affairs Department programs, including those related to veterans educational, retirement, life insurance and death benefits. The bill would broaden work-study, training and education benefits including raising from \$2,000 to \$3,400 the maximum allowable annual Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps award; expand counseling services for those leaving the military; increase grants such as automobile and housing allowances for the

disabled; raise funeral-related benefits; and promote educational initiatives on veterans' overall benefits. The bill also would expand Servicemembers Group Life Insurance coverage, retroactive to Oct. 1, 2000, to dependent families. Motion agreed to 417-0.  
Vote: Yea

(64) HR 811: Veterans Health Care Facilities - Passage  
March 27, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would authorize \$550 million in construction funding (\$250 million in fiscal 2002 and \$300 million in fiscal 2003) to improve veterans health care facilities. The measure authorizes the Veterans Affairs Department to select patient care and research projects for funding. It limits funding to \$25 million per project except for up to two earthquake protection projects per year that would be capped at \$30 million. Motion agreed to 417-0.  
Vote: Yea

(109) HR 1696: World World II Memorial Plan - Passage  
May 15, 2001 - Stump, R-Ariz., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would direct the American Battle Monuments Commission to expeditiously begin construction of the World War II Memorial at the Rainbow Pool on the National Mall. The bill states that the monument's previously approved design and siting are final, meet all applicable laws, and are not subject to administrative or judicial review. Motion agreed to 400-15.  
Vote: Yea

(126) HConRes 56: Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day - Adoption  
May 21, 2001 - LaTourette, R-Ohio, motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution commemorating the designation of Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day on Dec. 7 of every year. Motion agreed to 368-0.  
Vote: Yea

(166) HR 1291: Military Education Benefits - Passage  
June 19, 2001 - Smith, R-N.J., motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill that would raise through fiscal 2004 the Montgomery GI Bill's educational benefits for military veterans pursuing full-time study. Assistance for veterans with three years or more of service would increase from \$650 monthly to \$1,100 monthly over three years. Benefits for those with two years of service and four years of reserve duty would increase from \$528 monthly to \$894. Motion agreed to 416-0.  
Vote: Yea

(188) HConRes 161: Khobar Towers Bombing - Adoption  
June 25, 2001 - McHugh, R-N.Y., motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution that would honor 19 U.S. servicemen killed in a

terrorist bombing in Khobar Towers in Saudi Arabia on June 25, 1996. Motion agreed to 379-0.  
Vote: Yea

(243) HR 2500: Fiscal 2002 Commerce, Justice, State Appropriations - War Prisoners  
July 18, 2001 - Rohrabacher, R-Calif., amendment that would prohibit the use of Justice or State departments' funds for filing a court motion opposing a civil action against a Japanese individual or company for compensation where the plaintiff alleges slavery or forced labor while an American prisoner of war during World War II. Adopted 395-3.  
Vote: Yea

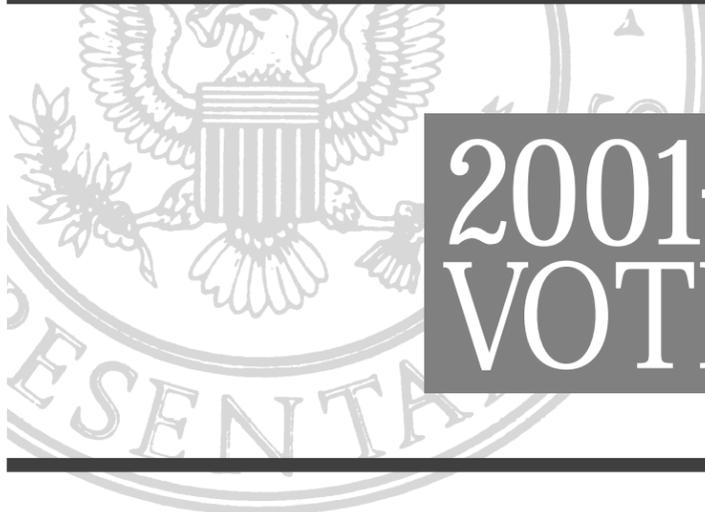
(279) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Rule  
July 26, 2001 - Adoption of the rule (H Res 210) to provide for House floor consideration of the bill that would appropriate \$112.7 billion in fiscal 2002 for the departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development and other independent agencies. Adopted 228-195.  
Vote: Nay

(281) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Veterans Benefits  
July 26, 2001 - Foley, R-Fla., amendment that would increase by \$25 million VA funding to help that department reduce its backlog of pending benefits claims and reduce by \$92 million NSF funding for polar and Antarctic research. Rejected 107-311.  
Vote: Nay

(296) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Recommit  
July 30, 2001 - Boyd, D-Fla., motion to recommit the bill to the House Appropriations Committee with instructions to add language increasing funding for VA medical care programs by an amount adequate to fully fund the cost of all currently authorized services, including those under the Veterans Millennium Health Care Act. Motion rejected 196-230.  
Vote: Nay

(297) HR 2620: Fiscal 2002 VA-HUD Appropriations - Passage  
July 31, 2001 - Passage of the bill that would appropriate \$112.7 billion in fiscal 2002 for the departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development and independent agencies, representing a 7 percent increase over fiscal 2001. The bill would appropriate \$51.3 billion for VA programs and benefits, \$30 billion for HUD, \$7.5 billion for the EPA, \$15 billion for NASA, and \$3.6 billion for Federal Emergency Management Agency programs, including \$1.3 billion in "emergency" disaster relief. Passed 336-89.  
Vote: Nay





# 2001-02 LEGISLATIVE VOTES

Spring 2002

Dear Bridgeport Resident:

The most important thing I do as your Congressman is to vote on legislation in the House of Representatives. Hearing your thoughts on issues helps me do a better job representing you and your neighbors.

That's why I'm writing to encourage you to attend a community meeting in Bridgeport on Friday, May 3 from 7:00 to 8:30 p.m. at Housatonic Community College, 900 Lafayette Boulevard. This meeting is one of a series we'll be holding around the Fourth Congressional District from May 3 to 11. If you are unable to attend on May 3, a list of the other meetings is on the back of this broadsheet.

You are holding a list of the votes I cast in the 107th Congress through March of this year. There have been 591 votes since January 2001; of these, 95 were on procedural issues, like approving the day's journal and motions to adjourn, and not on legislation. Procedural and voice votes are not included in this report. The votes are broken up into sections, like Budget, Defense, Environment, Education and Health Care, so you can focus on areas of particular interest to you. I have taken the liberty of highlighting votes on some of the more significant issues Congress has addressed in the last 15 months. While all votes are important, I hope these selections make the document easier for you to use.

Community meetings provide an opportunity for us to discuss any issue. I need your input, and hope you will take the opportunity to provide your feedback. If you have questions about anything in this document or concerns about any issue, please feel free to contact me by phone call, fax or e-mail. If you would like to meet with me, either one-on-one or in a group, please contact one of my offices so we can set up a mutually convenient time.

I take seriously my obligation to vote. While the information in this document is available on our website at <http://www.house.gov/shays>, I hope you find it helpful to receive it in the mail as well.

Finally, following the anthrax attacks on the Capitol back in October, mail to my Washington office has been held, and timely delivery is still not reliable. We therefore urge you to contact us by e-mail at [rep.shays@mail.house.gov](mailto:rep.shays@mail.house.gov) or by fax (202/225-9629).

Sincerely,



Christopher Shays

P.S. A schedule of the 10 community meetings appears on the back page. I look forward to seeing you! If you require special accommodations, please contact Karen Charest of my Connecticut staff prior to the scheduled meeting.

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